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BY JAMES G. HASSON.

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Look at the paper you receive before you stop it, if stop it you must. Some but nonsavage do otherwise.—Life is too short.

Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Publisher.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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SUMMER GOODS

This month, the time we want to reduce our stock in all departments
—Low Prices our method.

Printed Batiste, 36 cents, were 12½ cents.
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Ginghams, yard wide, 5 cents.
French Sateens, 50 cent quality at 16 cents.
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This is the best month in the year to buy. Samples and prices sent.

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1794. 1889.
Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
And other First Class Companies.
T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COMP'Y.
ORGANIZED BUSINESS
1794.
Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

Beauty

Is desired and admired by all. Among the things which may best be done to enhance personal beauty is the daily use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. No matter what the color of the hair, this preparation gives it a lustre and pliancy that adds greatly to its charm. Should the hair be thin, harsh, dry, or turning gray,

Ayer's Hair Vigor will restore the color, bring out a new growth, and render the old soft and shiny. For keeping the scalp clean, cool, and healthy, there is no better preparation in the market.

"I am free to confess that a trial of Ayer's Hair Vigor has convinced me that it is a genuine article. Its use has not only caused the hair of my wife and daughter to be

Abundant and Glossy,

but it has given my rather stunted mustache a remarkable length and appearance."—E. Bratton, Oakland, Ohio.

"My hair was coming out (without any assistance from my wife, either). I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, using only one bottle, and I now have as fine a head of hair as any one could wish for."—R. T. Schneider, Dickson, Tenn.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor in my family for a number of years, and regard it as the best hair preparation I have ever seen. It keeps the scalp clean, the hair soft and lively, and preserves the original color. My wife has used it for a long time with most satisfactory results."—Benjamin M. Johnson, M. D., Bonnie Hill, Mo.

"My hair was becoming harsh and dry, and after using half a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor it grew black and glossy. I cannot express the joy and gratitude I feel."—Mabel C. Hardy, Delavan, Ill. *

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PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

$10,000 AGENTS WANTED

Agents to sell the only Authentic, Complete and Graphic

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PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED
Contains views of all sorts connected with the terrible scene of the mighty inundation. 12mo. 400 pages. Low Prices. Liberal Terms. Thousands Want it. Send 10 cents for Intro. Copy and Outfit. Send quickly 50c. for copy and Outfit. W. Keeler & Co., 925 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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1,000 pounds of wool wanted. The very highest market prices in cash will be paid.
Ebensburg, Jan. 17, 1889. tf. J. H. MULLEN,
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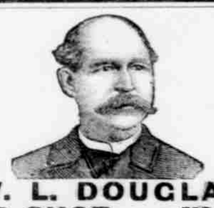
Ebensburg, Pa. Office in building of T. W. Dick, dec'd, (first floor,) Centre street. All kinds of legal business attended to satisfactorily and collections a specialty. 12-14-'87



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$3 SHOE FOR CENTLEMEN.
$3 SHOE FOR LADIES.
Best in the world. Examine his
$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE.
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$2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
Fraudulent when my name and price are not stamped on bottom. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
FOR SALE BY
BARKER BRO'S., EBENSBURG PA.

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CREAM BALM
Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.
TRY THE CURE. HAY- ER

A particle is applied into each nostrils and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., New York.

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Charles S. Gill, Proprietor.
Table unsurpassed. Remodeled with office on ground floor. Natural gas and incandescent light in all rooms. New steam laundry attached to house.
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NOT DEAD YET!
VALLIE LUTTRINGER,
MANUFACTURER OF
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE
AND TIN ROOFING,
Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacturing to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.
☞ No penitentiary work either made or sold at this establishment.
TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.
Give me a call and satisfy yourselves as to my work and prices.
V. LUTTRINGER.
Ebensburg, April 13, 1883-tf.

NATURE'S CURE FOR CONSTIPATION,

Sick-Headache, AND DYSPEPSIA.

A RELIABLE REMEDY For Sick Stomach, For Torpid Liver, Bilious Headache, Costiveness, Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient.
It is certain in its effects. It is gentle in its action. It is palateable to the taste. It can be relied upon to cure, and it cures by assisting, not by outraging, nature. Do not take violent purgatives yourselves or allow your children to take them, always use this elegant pharmaceutical preparation, which has been for more than forty years a public favorite. Sold by druggists everywhere.

KENTUCKY MULES.

The only firm in Pittsburgh who make a specialty of Kentucky Saddle and Driving Horses, Bought and Put Mules and keep constantly in their stables one hundred head of Mules, all sizes, from four foot to the large mule weighing 1400 lbs., see D. Arnheim & Co., 52 Second Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Mules shipped to all parts of the State on order. Nothing but No. 1 picked stock to be found in their stables.
☞ Correspondence solicited.

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LORETTO, PA.
IN CHARGE OF
FRANCISCAN BROTHERS.
Board and Tuition
for the Scholastic Year, $200.
March 26th, 1886. tf.

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE,
PITTSBURG, PA.
The oldest and best Institution for obtaining a Business Education. We have successfully prepared thousands of young men for the active duties of life. For Circulars address,
P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburg, Pa.
Nov. 25, 1888.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
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SALESMEN WANTED
To Solicit Orders for our Choice Nursery Stock
We have steady work for honest, sober, industrious men. Salary and Expenses, or Commission, if Preferred. We grow a full line of fruit and hardy ornamental stock, including the new and rare sorts. Everything strictly first-class. Satisfaction Guaranteed to Customers and Agents. The business is easily and quickly learned. State age. Name this paper. Address, R. G. CHASE, & CO.,
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ADVERTISERS by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., New York can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in American Newspapers. 100 Page Pamphlet 10c.

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LOWER CALIFORNIA.

A Project on Foot to Add It to the Country by Purchase.

Many people in the southern part of the State of California are interested in a project to add to this Republic by friendly purchase from Mexico the territory of Lower California. Mr. Vandever, one of the Representatives of California in Congress, has suggested a plan for such an annexation. He is of the opinion that, for the sum of, say twenty million dollars, Mexico would be quite willing to part with Lower California, as it puts the region to very little use, and has already granted a large portion of it to an American commercial and colonizing company.

Lower California has not, indeed, received any development worth mention under the rule of either the Spaniards or the Mexicans. It has always been regarded by them as almost valueless. A great part of this peninsula, which extends for more than seven hundred miles along the western coast of Mexico, is mountainous, and other parts are arid and sterile. There is, however, on the other hand, much land that might be rendered productive under enterprising development, and unquestionably a certain wealth in minerals exists. The climate of the greater part of Lower California is said to be quite as delightful and salubrious as that of Southern California, and the occupation of so much of the land in the latter section by settlement has attracted attention to the great peninsula to the southward.

But Americans do not like to settle in a foreign land. They are excellent colonists, but only under their own flag. It is not at all likely that citizens of the United States would settle in any large numbers in Lower California unless that territory were made a part of this Republic. Our people have no disposition to possess themselves of this region, or of any other, for that matter, except with the friendly consent of the power to which it is now subject. Having this fact in view, it is stated that the representative from California named above, Mr. Vandever, will, at the next session of Congress, present a resolution looking to purchase.

It appears strange, beyond a doubt, that so vast a country as Lower California should have remained for centuries undeveloped and almost unsettled, if it is indeed a region capable of profitable development; but it is to be remembered that nearly all the territory we have acquired from Mexico, including California itself, was practically an undeveloped wilderness until it came under the influence of American enterprise. It is not at all probable that Lower California would ever be a second California or Texas. It does not appear to possess more than a fraction of the natural resources of either of those great States. It might, possibly, make a promising new Territory if it could be acquired under advantageous circumstances; but the project will be far more interesting to the people of California than to those of any other part of the country.—Youth's Companion.

CATCHING FELINES.

How Cats Are Utilized in the Promotion of Scientific Investigation.

"Is vivisection practiced to any great extent in Baltimore institutions of learning?" a reporter inquired of a spectacled professor of sciences.

A stout, roughly-dressed young man had just been seen in the hallway with a bag on his shoulder. From the bag came sundry mournful, wailing feline voices, and the young man's air was business-like. The professor saw him, too, and, stipulating that no names should be mentioned, he answered the reporter's query.

"Vivisection may seem cruel, but at times it becomes necessary to aid the advance of science. Dissecting a live body under the influence of an anæsthetic causes no pain. Cats, rabbits and even rats are used, and are generally purchased from a few young men who make it a part of their business to supply them. A cat is a good subject, and probably more used than any other animal. No, I can not tell what institutions use them, but I can say that there are several places where the searcher after scientific knowledge can practice vivisection."

The young man with the bag was standing at the door as the reporter passed out, but no discordant chorus rang out on the still evening air.

"My business is to catch cats," he said. "I carry a bag, and whenever an unfortunate feline gets in it that feline's name is Dennis. Do people kick? Certainly, but when they kick I run. Stray cats are the same as stray dogs in my estimation, and I capture them when I can."

"What prices do you get?" inquired the reporter.

"Sometimes I sell a large cat for a quarter, but rarely. Smaller cats bring less."

"To what institutions or schools do you sell cats?"

"That is what they all want to know," laughingly rejoined the trafficker in felines. "But I may add," he continued, "that one of the most prominent institutions in this city deals in cats. Some people go to bed thinking their pets are safe on the back-yard fence during the night. But I get my eyes on them, they are quickly hustled into my bag, and when those people wake in the morning they wonder where their pets are, and, unlike a lost dog, a lost cat is rarely, if ever, found."—Baltimore News.

Happy by Comparison.

"Hello, McGinnis, you look blue. What is the matter?"

"Matter enough. Boil on the back of my neck."

"By George, old fellow, I sympathize with you!"

"But you are not looking remarkably cheerful yourself, Whackster. Any thing wrong with you?"

"My wife is cleaning house."

(Fervently.) "Thank Heaven for my boil."—Chicago Tribune

TRUE HOME LIFE.

The Kind of Family Government Which Leads to Happiness.

What is the central point of true home life? Is not this the question which we should each, as home-builders, ask ourselves? What are the things of all that we do, daily, weekly, or returning in their appointed time, which are not only not necessary but are harmful to the true home life? It may be that the only reason for doing certain things is because the preceding generation has done the same things, and that, too, in very mechanical ways. A mother holds her first child while it sleeps upon her lap; it becomes accustomed to it. When she grows stronger she must lay it down to do necessary work; it frets and cries and refuses to take its naps. The mother is worn out in her efforts to do the work and quiet the cries; so she carries the child about in her arms. It is slow to walk. She becomes nervous and irritable, toward her baby, even. Her second child is cross and restless. She bears and rears several children. All through those years the mistake pursues and wears her out. The children are not taught to depend upon themselves and be helpful.

This mother does non-essential things and leaves the essential undone. Her mental growth stopped long ago; alas for the time when the little children find that mother can not help them in their little studies, and alas for the mother who has let the knowledge of her girlhood slip from her, and has not added to it both for herself and family! What is more beautiful to see than great sons and daughters asking mother's opinion of some point which they are in doubt about, which they bring to her to have settled before they return to school? To have them hasten eagerly to tell her upon their return that their work was right?

Sometimes it is through suffering only that a woman learns that there are many things which need not be done. It is often in these times of forced quiet that she sees most clearly that real living is not a part of her home life. After her experience is gained and she has but little strength, she can then think what she should do with the strength which still is left to her.

Temporal wants and pleasures must be considered, and indeed planned for, but there are many things done in the way of cooking food unwholesome through its richness, which should be made rarely, if at all. Sacrifices which take away rest and sleep to keep up pride in dress or some adornment, should never be made.

Let children be taught that they may have fussy clothes when they can make, iron and keep them in order. In a home where the work is done by the mother and daughters, this plan is pursued. She found that when her daughters were old enough to iron much-ruffled white dresses they preferred plain ones.

Nothing can take the place of neatness and order. These depend much upon good management, for one can always be cleaning, yet never clean, always arranging, yet never in order. Sometimes one's own spirit is restless, which is the secret cause of the lack in the divine part of a true home life.—Pauline Adelaide Hardy, in Good Housekeeping.

CURIOUS MEDICAL CASE.

A Severe Blow on the Head Transforms a Boy's Character.

A distinguished physician of this city tells of a recent case in his practice that has certain features of interest. In a household of this city there was a boy of twelve who possessed many excellent qualities, being amiable, truthful and upright. Passing along the street one day a piece of board fell from the second story of a house that was being built and struck him, inflicting a wound on his head. After a time the wound healed and left merely a slight scar. But it soon afterwards appeared that the boy had undergone an unaccountable change of character.

He had become a liar and was almost brutal in his nature.

At last the parents consulted the physician to whom we have referred and who made a study of the case. He finally suggested that the boy should be trephined in order to ascertain if any injury had been done to the brain when the skull was struck. When the operation had been performed in the vicinity of the scar, it was found that a splint from the inside of the skull had pierced the brain. After the splint had been carefully removed and the wound properly dressed the boy rapidly recovered. To the delight of his parents, it was then made apparent that the evil traits which had been brought into play by some unknown means had disappeared. He was changed again and was once more the amiable, truthful and upright boy that he had been before he was wounded. "This case," said the distinguished physician who narrated the facts of it, "would be remarkable if the medical books were not full of similar cases."—N. Y. Sun.

Five Things Worth Knowing.

In some forms of headache a towel or a napkin wrung out of hot water—as hot as can be borne—and wound round the head affords relief.

To protect the interior of a rifle barrel from rust use vaseline. Give the gun-bore a good wash with hot water first, then dry and apply the vaseline.

A good remedy for damp hands is eau de cologne four ounces, tincture of belladonna half an ounce. The hands to be rubbed several times a day.

Chemists say that it takes more than twice as much sugar to sweeten preserves, sauces, etc., if put it when they begin to cook as it does to sweeten after the fruit is cooked.

To get rid of soft corns apply wool soaked in castor oil. Hard ones should be painted with the following solvent: Salicylic acid, one drachm; atropine, two drops; flexile collodion, one ounce.

CHILDHOOD'S MELODRAMA.

Varied Ways in Which the Theatrical Instinct Asserts Itself.

Lonely children particularly develop the dramatizing faculty, creating companions, as, lacking toys, they are ingenious at inventing playthings. A brotherless and sisterless four-year-old of my acquaintance, taken upon a journey, gave her fond mother some sensation, the little one being overheard reciting to a friendly stranger the outrageous pranks, including theft, assault and battery and incendiarism, to which her "big brother Peter" was addicted. As an offset to the disgrace of this relationship, she dwelt with sweet enthusiasm upon the winning traits of her "little sister, Sally Pinker." On being questioned by her mother, it appeared that this hypothetical brother and sister were very distinct realities to the solitary child, nor for a long time would she drop them from the list of kinship.

As a child, my record for truth-telling and ingenuousness of behavior was never impeached; yet I recall instances of mental chicanery which, had they been made patent, would have sufficed to raise grave doubts in the minds of my natural protectors whether I should not become a perjurer of the blackest stamp. Well do I recall that dull, rainy afternoon when, open-air sports being out of the question, I cast about for some novel entertainment in-doors. I had heard of the extraordinary delusions which had seized upon a relative of mine while in the delirium of a fever. I, too, would be delirious, see visions and talk wildly. I succeeded so well at this kind of feigning that not only was my tender mother alarmed, but I myself became genuinely ill, unnerved by the vividness of my own figments and the blood-chilling character of my own incoherent utterances. Also, I well remember being taken to the photographer's, and the lugubrious result attending the united efforts of the "artist," my parents—and myself. However exhorted to smile, the record of each experiment showed a uniform grimness of pursed lips, saucer eyes and slightly corrugated brows. The "infant sphinx," as the photograph was afterwards known in the family, was often clandestinely inspected by me with extreme delight. Before and during the operation I had resolved that if I were to have my picture taken I would look noble (synonymous in my mind with severe). That I had succeeded in my design was the fond impression retained for several years.

Beside this witness to the mentrical impulse in children might be placed another portrait which was lately shown me—that of a laughing-eyed, dimpling, coquettish Latage face. The lady whose child-self is thus daintily memorized tells me that the motive of the sitter was to "look as though my sweetheart had just kissed me!" It was this same elf who, having been corrected by her mother, conceived a plan for lacerating the heart of the injurious parent. Her eyes being at the height of their showery fit, she caught up a crimson-bound picture book, and bending over it, let fall upon its admired cover two great tear-drops, with infinite satisfaction watching the spreading circles of stain which in future years should so poignantly reproach the maternal despot. The little red book is still extant, and I have seen it, with its twin hieroglyphs expressive of so much naivete and finesse.—Atlantic.

THE DIVER'S DRESS.

A Description Which Will Give Landlubbers an Idea of the Outfit.

If any one has seen a diver in his submarine suit, bobbing up from the water with his glistening, immense round copper helmet, with its square, clumsy man-fish-like canvas suit, usually stained by use and iron rust and sea water to a brownish, yellowish gray, something the color of the devil fish, he may at first have been somewhat startled by the apparition. The being who thus rises from the sea is not a mischievous creature, but, on the contrary, a very useful member of society, when his services are required and brought into requisition. A description of his dress is something like this: From the helmet projects a coil of snake-like rubber hose, a sort of antenna, which passes through the water, connecting with an air-pump on a float-stage or in a boat, the pump manipulated by two men, and furnishes compressed air for his breathing when under water, which exhausts into the water by a valve in the helmet, engbling him to breathe continually fresh air, while, when he comes to the surface the windows of his helmet can be opened and he can breathe without the assistance of the air-pump. When he goes down into the water he has two means of communication with those above, the hose and the life line. By the latter he also descends and comes up when necessary. By each of these he gives and receives signals mutually understood, three sharp pulls on the life line indicating that he is ready to ascend. In order to overcome the natural buoyancy of his body and make its specific gravity such that he can readily walk about on the bottom of the sea, he wears shoes with soles heavily weighted with lead. The upper part of his body is protected, as is also his lower half, by means of heavy canvas covering, consisting of jacket with sleeves and pantaloons with terminations which fit closely with elastic bands clinging to the flesh, the jacket fitted closely to the helmet with metallic bands bolted together, with a rubber gasket between. No water or air can get to him, except the latter by the hose, unless he opens the glass windows of his helmet, which he is not likely to do unless occasion requires. Additional weight is placed at his chest and back. Sometimes a breastplate and shoulder-plate of lead, sometimes a belt heavily weighted, which can be thrown on or off the shoulders and hang down in front and behind when in use.—Providence Journal.

THE FLOWER GARDEN.

Excellent Exercise for Sickly and Physically Weak Ladies.

It is well known that the majority of women would be much stronger physically were they out more in the open air, and of no class of women is this truer than of the housewives, many of whom do not go out oftener than once a week. It is impossible for any one to feel well confined to the house so closely, and it is not to be wondered at when a woman complains of feeling ill, for the cause can generally be traced to her close confinement. During the warm weather she should endeavor to spend some part of the day in the open air, and the best way to insure this is to have something to care for outside. There are plenty of women who would never go out unless it was actually necessary; therefore, the only way to help such people is to make it a necessity for them to go out.

If you have a yard at all, reserve some part of it for a flower garden. No matter how poor the soil there is always some plant will grow in it, and, where good soil is required, it is very simple in these days of fertilizers to prepare very poor soil into a medium quality at the very least. There are a number of beautiful flowers that may be grown from seed, with but little care, and be a mass of bloom the greater part of the warm season. By following the directions given on each package of seed, and choosing only those plants that are hardy, a very small space of ground will give a good deal of pleasure, also health, for there are few things as healthful as working among flowers.

If you have an unsightly shed or fence in the yard cover it with vines. The climbing nasturtium, morning glory and scarlet runner beans will grow in almost any soil, providing they can have the sun part of the day, and when in bloom make a brilliant show. They require very little care, outside of a daily watering in dry weather, or by a weeding once in awhile, and strings for their support. They well repay any labor spent on them. The portulacca will grow on very poor soil; the sandier it is the better, and requires scarcely any care but watering and an occasional weeding. A bed of portulaccas looks beautiful when in bloom, which is generally a long time, as they bloom very early and keep in bloom until frost. Sweet alyssum will grow in ordinary soil, but requires somewhat more care than the portulaccas. Any of the dwarf nasturtiums are beautiful massed in a bed, and will grow almost anywhere where there is some sun. Forget-me-nots flourish in sandy soil, but should be kept quite moist to get best results. The Empress of India nasturtium is the most gorgeous of the nasturtium family, and can be grown in any ordinary soil in a sunny place. For vases or urns it is magnificent.

These are but a few of the flowers that can be grown with ordinary care, and in a small space of ground make a good showing.—Boston Budget.

ENGLAND'S COAL SUPPLY.

Probability of Its Complete Exhaustion Within a Century.

The duration of England's coal supply is again a subject of discussion in that country. The views of Mills and Jevons on the possible duration of the supply attracted much attention when published many years ago, and led to the appointment of a royal commission to ascertain, if possible, the actual situation in the matter. The commission made its report about eighteen years ago, and, taking the yearly consumption at that time as a basis, it showed that the mines would be worked out in 350 years. This statement on the part of the commission did much to set the public mind at rest. The discussion of the matter has, however, received a fresh impetus, owing to statements made in a paper read before the Royal Statistical Society recently. The author of the paper, a Mr. Price-Williams, made the point that reliance on the coal supply lasting 350 years is not safe, for several reasons. As stated, the estimated consumption was that of eighteen years ago. Since then the domestic and foreign demand for British coal has much increased, the former by 27 per cent., and the latter by over 100 per cent. Basing his calculations on the largely increased consumption of the past twenty years, and assuming that the ratio of increase in that period will be maintained, Mr. Price-Williams estimates that all the coal in Great Britain, with the exception of the Denbigh and Flint coal fields, will be exhausted in less than 100 years. In the two centuries mentioned the supply, he estimates, may last 250 years. While this view of the English coal supply has supporters it also has opponents, who consider the time given too short. The Colliery Manager, in commenting on the estimates given, recommends the utmost efforts to avoid waste, and says: "Some persons may differ from Mr. Price-Williams and his predecessors as to the results of their investigation. This much, however, is certain: The quantity of mineral fuel we have inherited is not only a fixed quantity but an ascertainable one. Every ton we consume reduces our stock, and the day must come, be it sooner or later, when that stock will be exhausted. We commend Mr. Price-Williams' paper to the thoughtful consideration of all, more especially to that of large consumers of coal."—Bradstreet's.

—Superintendent Seaver, of the Boston public schools, said in a recent address: "To what extent and how can manual training be introduced into city graded schools? My answer is: Organize mechanic arts high schools either as separate schools or as departments of existing high schools. To this extent, at least, and by this means, a now neglected educational field can be occupied to great advantage."

THE DOMESTIC COW.

A Smart Young Man Investigates Her Unamiable Traits.

The poet has, from time immemorial, eulogized the domestic Cu (Saxon), Koe (Dutch), or Cow (Modern English). He has done so without having taken the trouble to investigate those unamiable traits in her character which it is the object of this article to criticise. He (the poet) seems only to have seen her in her Sunday clothes, as it were, grazing in the fragrant meadows or standing at ease in the shadows of the babbling brooklet.

A young man recently attended a firemen's picnic, not wisely, but too well; and, after repeated drinks, he very imprudently locked horns with a larger man on the question of tariff reform. Need I say more? Only this: That he was assisted home by friends, suffering from severe indisposition and with his features sadly out of repair; so that, on the following morning, from a sense of duty, I arose betimes to milk the domestic Cu (Saxon), just as the first pale streaks of dawn appeared in the eastern sky.

Girding on some old clothes, I started forth to seek the Koe (Dutch). She had unhooked the gate of the pasture with her horns, and was then in the act of inspecting the flower-garden. She had evidently been there for some time, during which she had not been idle, and her manner was entirely free from excitement.

Approaching with a smile which has seldom failed to win female regard, I said, in soothing tones: "Sch, bossy! soh, bossy!" but, after eyeing me comprehensively for a few moments, she backed leisurely over a valuable rhododendron bush, and then started through the shrubbery at a swinging gait.

It would be painful to recount the incidents of that exciting chase. I got her in the barn at last, and succeeded in belaying her head to the manger, after which I said: "Stand over," in a distinct tone of voice. She knew that I wanted her to move to the left so that I could get room to milk her; but wilfully appearing to misunderstand the order, she "stood over" to the right side, flattening me against the stall.

Did I swear? No, gentle reader, I did not. Why did I not swear? Because the weight of the Cu (Saxon) prevented respiration. Gathering myself together as one man, I hurled her across the stall by a supreme effort, and standing the hay-fork where she could see it, prepared to milk.

Any one who has watched the operation of milking a cow will maintain that it is a very simple thing to do. I used to think so myself, but it is a great mistake. I am ready to explain to any one who will listen to me for a few hours, that it is difficult, very difficult to milk a Koe (Dutch), unless there is a mutual understanding—a friendly feeling between the parties; which, in my case, there was not.

Having seated myself under the starboard quarter, I grasped the pail firmly between my knees, as I had seen the hireling do, and commenced to milk. No milk came for five minutes, during which time I worked on in silence, while the Cu jerked angry mouthfuls of hay out of the manger, ever and anon lashing her tail against my hat, and looking around with a sarcastic smile; which, however, I pretended not to notice; but at last a snowy jet shot straight into my left eye, and, in a short time, another imparted an unnatural warmth to my lap. I had succeeded in bringing forth the milk; all that remained was to direct it into the pail. This was not to be so easily done as you would suppose.

In fifteen minutes I had brought forth twenty-six squirts, distributed as follows: Three in the left eye, one in the right, eleven on my trousers, two on Koe's tail, five on the barn floor, and the balance in the kettle.

Just then the hand-maiden appeared and asked if I had finished milking. She said that the family were waiting for breakfast, and there was no milk for the coffee. I told her to wait a few minutes—that I had not quite finished. Leaning one dimpled arm on an adjacent hay cutter she watched my efforts with increased amazement, and at length said, eagerly: "Lord, Misther Adam, let me milk the cow! Why didn't ye ax me beforee? Shure I used to milk three cows down home beforee I wint out to service!"

Recalling the incident of Robert Bruce and the historic spider, I felt strongly disposed to hold on and conquer the difficulties of milking if it took all day; but breakfast would have to be indefinitely postponed, and the feelings of the family were entitled to consideration; therefore I rose up and allowed Gwendoline Malcahey to take the helm. This she did with alacrity, and, as the milk flew into the tin pail in thick, vigorous streams, the receptacle responded with a joyous "whing whong, whing whong," that seemed to say: "Go it, Gwendoline; you are the popular candidate, and you understand your biz." The Cu (Saxon) also gave vent to a chuckle of ill-concealed triumph as I started for the house.—Adam Smith, in Texas Siftings.

—The man who always insists upon telling the exact truth, finds himself a sort of nine-spot, when he gets mixed up with a party of duck hunters, and the quicker he gets over the idea the sooner will he enjoy himself to the full extent of the law.

—A woman has been elected a member of the London Aldermen. Alderman was originally but another name for "elderly" man. Many women may hesitate to admit that they are qualified for positions upon such boards.—Boston Traveller.

—"Say, Cholley," asked one newsboy of another, "what's a payin' teller?" "He's de man what pays out de money." "An' what's de receivin' teller?" "He's de man what takes in de money." "An' what's de cashier?" "He's de feller what gits away wid de money."—Harper's Bazar.

A SOCIETY DRAMA.

How a Cruel Father Wrecked the Happiness of Two Young Hearts.

I.

"So, Count, you desire to marry my daughter?"

Those words came from the lips of Reginald de Montmorency, the millionaire banker, as he stood in the sumptuously-furnished parlor of his mansion on G street, facing a distinguished gentleman of foreign appearance. The latter fervently replied:

"Yes, yes, I do!"

"I'll let you know my decision tomorrow; by the way, Count, my daughter and I have arranged for a little supper at Ormsby's cafe this evening. Will you join us?"

"With pleasure."

II.

Gladys de Montmorency reclined on an excellent upholstered ottoman in a boudoir the furnishing of which must have cost a good deal of money.

There was a faraway look in her eyes; there was a far-away look in her other eye.

She was thinking of one who was dearer to her than life. She was thinking of the splendid Count Bologni, with his lustrous Italian eyes, and of the excellent chewing-gum he had given her.

She was summoned to the library, where her father, the opulent banker, stroked her silken hair and said:

"Gladys, the Count has asked for your hand."

"That's business, rather; there are no flies on the Count."

"Are you sure, my daughter, that he is your kind of people?"

"Dead sure."

"Because, my child," and his voice grew tremulous with emotion, "because I hear me much that he is not a Count at all. Methinks that when I was erstwhile at Omaha I saw him as a waiter in a restaurant. My child, O, my child! These gray hairs would indeed go in sorrow to the grave—this old heart would be rended in twain—if I were to see you in the soup!"

The lovely girl's breath came in gasps; she twined her beautiful arms about his neck, and whispered:

"What are we going to do about it?"

"Hearken," her father replied; "I have a scheme—No. 207, series D. We'll take supper with him this evening, and I'll put him to a crucial test. Until then let us abide in peace. Kiss me again, my angelic child."

III.

Myriads of lights were gleaming in Ormsby's magnificent cafe when Mr. de Montmorency entered with Gladys on his arm, queenly in her beauty and grace.

The Count was already there, and the three sat down to a table together.

"What ho, waiter! Come hither!"

This stern command from Mr. de Montmorency was instantly obeyed.

The waiter came to the table.

Gladys could feel the color leave her cheeks.

She knew that the moment for the great test was come.

Even the stern lips of her father quivered, and the cold perspiration was on his brow as he said:

"Count, my daughter and I only care for a steak and a cup of coffee. Will you order for us?"

The Count rose from his chair, and his ringing voice could be heard throughout the vast room as he said:

"Slaughter in the pan and draw one in the dark twice!"

IV.

Reader, there is but little more to add.

Crushed and broken, Gladys retired to a convent to end her life in quiet and solitude.

The count left for his native country on foot, but a hay-stack in which he was sleeping one night took fire, and he perished in the flames.

THE END.

Lincoln (Neb.) Journal

The Paper Collar Trade.

The caprices of fashion order many changes in man's apparel, but it is almost safe to say that the return to popularity of the once all-prevailing paper collar is about as probable as the return by the nineteenth century youth to the powdered wigs, cocked hats and knickerbockers of their colonial predecessors. And yet a decade and a half ago the paper collar, with its muslin foundation and its glossy veneer, was almost universally worn. It is now stated, as a reminder of the one-time popularity of this collar, that between the years 1860 and 1870 over 1,000,000 of the collars were sold daily. The extent of yearly sales of these collars nowadays amount to about 250,000. It is scarcely necessary to add that the paper collar still reigns supreme in the backwoods, and that the circulation of this article of apparel is merely confined to the country places. It is difficult to persuade oneself that this collar was once the dear particular "fad" of the young and old men of fashion throughout the country. It was first introduced to the favorable notice of the public by a well-known New Yorker, a young man about town who had the courage of his convictions and his taste. The "dudes" of that day were as quick then as they are now

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY - - - JLUY 19 1889.

THE Mississippi Democratic Convention on Tuesday nominated ex Governor John M. Stone for governor on the first ballot.

THE tour of the prize fighters to New Orleans was one grand ovation. Their return North was a brilliant exhibition of how to dodge Sheriffs.

THE steamer City of New York, which arrived at San Francisco from Hong Kong, brought information that 6,000 lives were lost by a flood in the Chang Ping Yuen districts of China.

THE proposed license law in Rhode Island, which the Legislature is now in special session to enact, provides a wholesale license fee of $500 to $1,000 and a retail fee running from $400 down to $250.

CHAIRMAN F. H. BARKER of the Republican County Committee, has issued his call for the Republican County Convention to meet on Monday the 29th inst, the delegate election to be held on the 27th.

ALTHOUGH only six months of the present year have passed there have already been recorded upon history's pages more fatalities than have happened in any one year for a long period. The majority of these have occurred within the past few months and were principally caused by heavy storms.

POOR Switzerland has to buy five million dollars' worth of rifles because of Germany's threatening attitude, and the worst of it is the rifles would not be of much use if Germany should go to war in earnest, unless, of course, Switzerland should obtain allies among the great Powers, which, by the way, would not be a difficult thing to accomplish.

THE commission composed of army officers which was sent to Europe by the direction of Congress to investigate the system of lifting vessels by hydraulic power to enable their transfer by canal or railway from one level to another, have returned and will report in favor of the system. It is expected it will be used instead of locks and canals at impassable points on navigable streams.

ACCORDING to the latest reports the wheat prospects of the United States are excellent; those of Russia are far from good, while the war prospects there and elsewhere in Europe are promising. A grand collision in Europe would be a thing to sincerely lament, but its incidents would for the time bring prosperity to the American farmer, in spite of the tariff which now robs him with both hands at once.

IT is now rumored that Austin Corbin, president of the Reading road, will establish another line from New York to Chicago. The rumor states that the Reading road will be used to Harrisburg and one hundred miles of road will be built to connect with the Pittsburg division of the Baltimore and Ohio. The Ohio, Indiana and Western, with its connections, will be used from Columbus they will try to make running arrangements with the Pittsburg and Western, and the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus.

"DOWN and still down go the wages, says the New York *World*, of the iron workers and coal miners in all parts of the country. What an oversight it was in the workingmen who have been bamboozled into voting to keep up the war tariff in order to secure "American wages for American men," that they did not have inserted in the law a clause compelling the protected mine owners and manufacturers to "divide fairly" the bounties of the tariff. As it is, the monopolist get all the meat and throw to their workingmen the bone."

IT was stated on good authority at Harrisburg, on Tuesday, that a coldness has arisen between Governor Beaver and Adjutant General Hastings, which, it is said, has been occasioned by the alleged fact that the Adjutant General mixed up the accounts during his management at Johnstown so that it is impossible for the Governor to give a detailed statement of the expenditures.

The money which the State contributed to sufferers is being used exclusively for sanitary purposes while the contribution by the people is used in the nature of a relief fund, The Adjutant General, it is said, in drawing on the Governor for money so mixed the accounts that it is impossible to find out how much of the State money has been expended or how much of the people's fund has been used.

THE renewed rumors of Mr. Blaine's intention to retire from the Cabinet says the New York *World*, have no foundation at all except such as is given to them by Mr. Blaine's apparent loss of interest in matters political of late. If the Secretary of State has really ceased to be personally ambitious of the Presidency or personally hopeful of getting it, which is much the same thing, it is difficult to understand why he should care to remain in a dull and laborious office which has no rewards to give him, but which may at any time involve him in a contest with the Senate Foreign Affairs Committee. That Committee, with John Sherman for Chairman and Frye, Edmunds and Evarts for members, is by no means the sort of committee that Mr. Blaine would choose for his coadjutors in statecraft. The fact is that Mr. Blaine is growing old, and it is but natural that he should lose some of the enthusiasm which has always been a source of extraordinary strength to him. Still, he insists that he likes his present work and proposes to stick to it.

ESTIMATING crops before they are harvested, says the Philadelphia *Times*, is something akin to counting chickens before they are hatched. This is now quite apparent with regard to the wheat crop of the current year. Early estimates by the Agricultural Department at Washington and by commercial agencies placed the crop at something over 500,000,000 bushels, or one of the largest ever grown in the country. Reports from Dakota and other States and Territories of the Northwest now indicate a very short crop in that section, owing to the extreme drought, while in the East the wheat harvest has been seriously damaged by the rainy weather. Between drought in the West and wet weather in the East it is probable that the actual crop will fall many millions short of the earlier estimate.

This rather gloomy outlook has its bright phaze, however. The wheat crop in India, Russia and Austro-Hungary is usually light, so that all the wheat we have in excess of our own needs is certain to be in demand at a fair price. It is not at all improbable, therefore, that the American farmers may realize more money for their wheat than if the crop had turned out to be as great as indicated by the earlier reports.

But while as a whole the wheat farmers of the country may have a profitable year, the 30,000,000 bushels shortage in Dakota will prove little less than an irretrievable disaster to the farmers of that section. Wheat is the Dakota staple and with less than half a crop the farmers of that Territory will have so little to sell that no probable advance in price will begin to make up their losses. Dakota will have little to console itself with this year, except the fact that it will achieve the dignity of Statehood.

IT appears that Colonel Quay's candidate for Governor, Senator Delamater, says the Harrisburg *Patriot* is to be opposed by Adjutant General Hastings who is being pushed to the front by C. L. Magee, of Pittsburg. General Hastings is represented as saying, however, that he is not a candidate.

Mr. Magee is evidently determined to defeat the Quay programme for next year whatever it may be. It is so well understood that Senator Delamater is Colonel Quay's choice for the governorship that if he should be taken out of the race in any way it would be regarded as a surrender of the Republican State boss to his enemies. It may, therefore, be reasonably expected that the Quay forces will continue to rally around Delamater.

It is a very pretty quarrel as it stands and General Hastings is too good a politician to permit himself to be drawn into it, unless indeed the chances of his winning should be first rate. The machinery of the party is in the hands of Quay, and by next year it will be thoroughly oiled by fat fried out of the federal office-holders. In Pennsylvania "the machine" is all powerful, and unless its owner backs down completely and ingloriously the name of the next Republican candidate for Governor will be George W. Delamater.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Inter Ocean*, writing from Grafton, Dak., gives a very discouraging crop report. Whether his tale is warranted or not later reports must decide. He says: "The wheat crop of Dakota is 30,000,000 bushels short. The figures are large but not in the least exaggerated. The total production for the Territory cannot, under the best possible conditions from now until harvest, which will begin in the North by the 25th, exceed 20,000,000 bushels, and to put it that high is a liberal estimate."

He attributes the falling off to dry weather, and says much wheat was left bare on the surface by the winds last Spring, often requiring a second seeding. Much standing grain was also wasted by storms. He talks of famine all over the Territory during the coming winter. He also says fodder is scarce and that Montanna is trying to get rid of her cattle because they cannot be fed over winter. The whole dispatch reads like exaggeration, however.

THERE are signs, says the New York *Times*, that the demagogue at the head of the pension bureau is falling into disfavor with the President and the Secretary of the Interior. They find that Tanner has undertaken to exhaust the surplus in his own way without permitting his superior officers or Congress to deal with the subject. They see his widely-advertised policy in full force in the bureau, and Tanner himself explaining it and glorifying his liberality in various parts of the country. They know that in connection with the enforcement of this policy some very scandalous transactions have taken place in the bureau, and now, when the people are getting hold of the facts, they perceive how great a burden Tanner may soon become.

IT was definitely announced on Tuesday that the great Salt Trust will be in operation in October. It will be incorporated under the laws of New York and its capital will amount to $15,000,000. It is said that the combination is due to the ruinous competition between Michigan, Kansas and New York, but now each manufacturing point will be given its own district and the price of salt will be uniform all over the country. It is expected that the price will go up 10 cents per barrel and the loss on the long freight haul will be adjusted. No stock will be put on the market till October.

T. B. COULTER, the new sixth auditor, is proving himself as thoroughpaced an official headsman as even First Postmaster General Clarkson himself. A few days ago Coulter chopped off the heads of 10 chiefs divisions at one swoop for no other reason than to give their places to good Republicans, and from day to day he is clearing out Democrats in the office, whether they came in under the civil service act or not, and without even pretending to advance any charges against their efficiency. Mr. Coulter and the Civil Service Commission are going to have a set-to on this score.

Galvanizing the Defunct Greenback Party.

Another movement is on foot to galvanize the old Greenback party, in a state of suspended animation. At the head of the movement is the inevitable George O. Jones, of New York, who of late has been running what is left of the party as a very private affair of his own. The call for a National Greenback Convention, to meet in Cincinnati on September 12, made by Mr. Jones, declares, among other things, "for the payment of public debts according to the original contract under which they were issued," and "for the encouragement of the American merchant marine and home industries."

As for the public debt, Mr. Jones and his little party need give themselves no further concern. Under an existing "contract" all that remains of the public debt, including the $346,000,000 of greenbacks, is made redeemable in coin. As the Greenback issue has been settled, against the flat money heresy, it is probable that the astute Mr. Jones has small hope of reviving it; and it may be assumed, therefore, that he will not let it occupy much of the attention of his coming Cincinnati Convention.

But the real object of Mr. Jones is to give a boost to the steamship subsidy job, for which the forces are already organizing. This is what Mr. Jones means by "the encouragement of the American merchant marine and home industries." With the return of a Republican House of Representatives the hopes of the subsidity-mongers and of the Washington lobby have been wonderfully revived. The object of the subsidity-mongers is to get the Government to make them a present of lines of steamships on the pretense of restoring American commerce. The hope of the lobby, which was starved to the last degree of inanition during the four years of Cleveland's administration, is to share in the plunder of the public Treasury.

The Senate may, of course, be counted at all times in favor of the steamship bounty job, as well as of almost every other scheme of public spoliation that may be hatched in the Washington lobby. There is, however, considerable doubt of the friendly disposition of the House, especially in view of the extremely precarious Republican majority. It has therefore been deemed advisable to manufacture as much sentiment in favor of the scheme as possible between this time and the meeting of Congress. To this end all the usual means of operating upon public opinion will be put in requisition. The little Greenback party of Mr. Jones is to be used as a tug for towing the steamship subsidy scheme into the Congressional waters. *Phila. Record.*

Parallels of Fact.

Under the law as enacted by Congress, El Paso smelters import Mexican silver lead ores in competition with the ores of Montana and the other silver-producing States. The mine owners of those States do not like the law, and want the Administration to change it by a departmental ruling.

The law-making and law changing power rests with Congress and not with the Administration, every member of which is bound by his oath to enforce the laws as Congress has enacted them.

But the Administration is in a political strait. Its majority in Congress is very small and it is anxious to increase it by the election of Republicans exclusively from the new Northwestern States.

The mine-owners offer the coveted seats to the administration in return for a Treasury ruling which shall shut out the Mexican ores and ruin the business of the El Paso smelters for the benefit of the Montana men. That is to say, they offer to sell for privileges of pecuniary value to themselves, which privileges can only be secured to them by a usurpation of the law-making power on the part of the Administration, and it is currently reported that the Administration has decided to make the bargain.

And why not? Is there any more harm in buying Congressional elections than there was in buying the Presidency? Is it any worse to rob an El Paso man for the benefit of a Montana man than to rob all the consumers in the country for the benefit of a ring of corporate and Trust monopolists? Is it any more wicked for Secretary Windom to set aside the law in order to gain support for his party than for Commissioner Tanner to construe pension laws awry and give pet pension agents unlawful advantage in order to hold the "soldier vote" for Harrison in 1892? Go to. Let us be consistent.—*N. Y. World.*

THE fact that a man ten years from poverty has an income of $20,000,000—and his two associates nearly as much—from the control and arbitrary pricing of an article of universal use, falls strangely on the ears of those who hear it as they sit empty handed, while children cry for bread. The tendency deepens the dangers suggested by the status. What is to be the end of this swift piling up of wealth? When the agents of a dozen men who have captured and control an article of prime necessity meet the representatives of a million farmers from whom they have forced $3,000,000 the year before, with no more moral right than is behind the highwayman who halts the traveler at his pistol's point, and insolently gives them the measure of this year's rapacity and tells them—men who live in the sweat of their brows and stand before God and nature—that they must submit to the infamy because they are helpless, the first fruits of this system are gathered and have turned to ashes on their lips. When a dozen men get together in the morning and fix the price of a dozen articles of common use—with no standard but their arbitrary will and no limit but their greed and daring—and then notify the sovereign people of this free republic how much, in the mercy of their masters, they shall pay for the necessaries of life, then the point of intolerable shame has been reached.—*Henry W. Grady's College Address.*

Two Killed Twenty injured.

SHAMOKIN, PA., July 17.—This evening a train on the Pennsylvania road carrying miners to their homes was wrecked near this place. John Roush, married, and Aaron Snipe, single, were killed. Twenty were more or less seriously injured. The passenger train was running at its regular speed, when the miners, who were standing on the rear platform, saw two freight cars rushing down upon them. The cars had become detached at some colliery and were running wild down the heavy grade. The miners shouted to their companions to jump, which many of them did, from the windows and platforms of the coaches, but the runaway cars overtook the train before all were out, telescoping the cars with the above result.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enojy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitteze, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of Liver, Stomache and Kidneys. Sold at 50c. and $1.00 per bottle by E. James, Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

The Governor's Accounting.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 14.—Governor Beaver yesterday stated that about $2,500,000 had been expended in relieving the Johnstown sufferers and abating nuisances in that vicinity. There have been received by the Governor through various sources a relief fund of nearly $1,100,000. Of this amount about $680,000 has been used in the Conemaugh Valley, and between $50,000 in other portions of the State which sustained losses by the flood, leaving in the hands of the Governor about $350,000 for distribution. This fund is used exclusively in providing food, shelter and clothing for the sufferers and in supplying them with money to put them on their feet again.

In addition the Governor has expended $225,000 in abating nuisances in Johnstown and vicinity. the fund supplied to the latter purpose does not come from any of the contributions, but has been loaned to the Governor for the purpose of putting the various flooded localities in a good sanitary condition. It was estimated at first that this $1,000,000 would be required to accomplish this result, but not much more than a third of this amount will be needed to meet the liabilities incurred by this particular demand on the State, out of the Governor's fund, made up from contributions from all the States in the Union.

There have been expended on the Conemaugh Valley $905,000. In addition the following amounts have been expended: Pittsburg, $250,000; Philadelphia, $200,000; Johnstown fund, distributed by the local committees, $250,000; contracts for the construction of houses, $150,000; transportation expenses, $31,000; Chicago houses, $14,000; value of food, clothing and other articles contributed not included in above items, $600,000; total, $1,595,000.

Adding the foregoing amount to the $905,000 received and expended by the Governor for the relief of flood sufferers and the abatement of nuisances, the latter amount expended and authorized to be expended in Johnstown and vicinity reaches $2,500,000. This sum does not include contributions by various secret societies and through other agencies not credited to cities or towns.

The contributions are continuing to flow into the hands of the Governor. Yesterday he received $11,000, of which $8,000 came from Germany. The entire relief fund aggregates about $3,500,000.

Rich Pension Beggars.

Nobody grudges a pension to any old soldier who was disabled in the country's service and is in need of help. On the contrary, every right-minded man wishes that the pensions of such might be more liberal than they are.

The reason that they are not more liberal is that a great host of men are bourne upon the pension rolls who are not disabled and not in need of help. These make long division of the pension fund and cut down the amount it is possible to pay to the really needy and the actually disabled.

We have already cited the case of General Spinola as one of them. A recent news dispatch directs attention to another illustrative case. It related that Senator Manderson, who has long been in receipt of a pension, has discovered that the amount paid him is not so great as that to which the law entitles him, and so his case has been passed through Tanner's hands, and in addition to an increased pension for the future he is to receive the sum of $4,000 as arears.

Manderson is neither a disabled man nor a needy one. As compared with the great majority who pay the taxes he is rich. He is a Senator of the United States at a salary of $5,000 a year. He ought to be ashamed to be a beggar, a pensioner upon the bounty of men poorer than himself. Every dollar of his pension is paid by the working people, and not one in ten thousand of them ever had an income of $5,000 or the half of it.

The thing is monstrous. The whole pension system should be reformed. Every disabled and really needy veteran should have a sufficient pension to keep him decently, and to that end every mere beggar, every man who has money or the capacity to earn it in sufficient amount for his support, should be stricken from the rolls. When such men accept pensions they not only "sponge" upon the substance of poorer people, but they rob the actual needy and disabled veterans of what is justly their due.

Every member of Congress knows this. But members of Congress are mostly cowards and self-seekers and they fear to offend the "soldier vote" by opposing any pension measure whatever.—*N. Y. World.*

AFTER several weeks of delay it has been announced that the distribution of the Johnstown relief fund by the State Flood Relief Commission is to be begun on Monday next. The Flood Commission, being manifestly filled with a spirit of profound veneration for the red tape of officialism, has been unable to resist the temptation to magnify its own consequence by establishing a great number of regulations which will impede the transfer of the relief fund to those to whom it belongs—the people of the Conemaugh Valley. Unless the laggard steps of these pompous persons shall in some way be quickened, it is likely that the chill days of Fall will have set in before the last payment shall have dribbled from their reluctant hands. The money contributed by the people—every dollar of it—should have been promptly sent to Chairman James McMillen and Secretary Cyrus Elder, of the Johnstown Finance Committee, to be distributed among the sufferers by that organization, which enjoys the implicit confidence of the people of the Conemaugh Valley.—*Phila. Record.*

MR. CHAUNCEY DEPEW, in a talk the other day with a New York *Sun* man, relates his experience of the officeseekers at Washington. "There never was such a situation in the history of the whole world," he remarked. "There are 4,000 applicants for 150 consulates, and I believe that this proportion will be maintained, if not increased, through all the departments. The President, the members of the cabinet, the heads of bureaus, and the representatives are overrun, and the public business is almost at a standstill. * * * The whole country seemes to think that Cleveland removed and replaced all the officeholders and that vacancies can be made everywhere. The fact is that he removed only about one-third of the placeholders." Here is an admission which proves that the "clean sweep" which Cleveland was accused of effecting during his term of office was not clean enough after all to satisfy the Republican partisans who made such an exhibition of Pharisaical wrath over the Democratic President's removals.

A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For fuller particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial Bottles of this wonderful Discovery Free at the Drug store of E. James, Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Swan Bures, a negro who brutally murdered a white man named Whitehurst, was taken from jail and lynched at Iuka, Miss., on Sunday.

—At Lexington, Ky., a lawsuit that was begun in 1811 has just been settled. It related to a land claim and the sum in dispute was originally about $5,000.

—Three horses were killed and eight men stunned on Saturday by a stroke of lightning upon the farm of Joshua Warfield, near Florence, Howard county, Md.

—On Eagle Rock, near Orange, N. J., it is proposed to erect a summer hotel and a tower somewhat similar to the Eiffel Tower in Paris. The latter will rise 320 feet above the crest of the mountain.

—A remarkable cave in Stone county, Kan., has been explored "for a distance of 12 miles." Report credits it with containing two rivers, "millions of bats," and the remains of many wild animals.

—An offensive trunk raised an excitement in the depot at New Oxford, Adams county, a few days ago, On being opened it was found to hold ladies' wearing apparel well stocked with naphthaline to keep off moth.

—Governor Ross, formerly of Kansas, and one of the United States senators who stood by Andrew Johnson in the impeachment proceedings, is now employed as a printer in the office of the Santa Fe Mexican.

—A series of terrific rain storms swept Plattsmouth, Neb., last Monday afternoon. The Main street of the town was converted into a rushing torrent, on the surface of which floated the ties and poles of the electric motor railroad.

—W. J. Pelor, a detective, of Atlanta, Ga., while walking the streets of that city on Tuesday night with Mrs. Wiley, was shot down by the woman's husband, who had suspected the pair and watched for them. Four shots took effect, resulting in instant death.

—Doctors and undertakers of Pittsburg are considering a compromise between burial and cremation. The idea is to erect mammoth mausoleums to hold thousands of bodies, and by a system of air draughts, to dry the bodies up. A corporation proposes to introduce the plan in various cities.

—D. J. Creighton, ex-State Senator, convicted of jury bribery in San Francisco nearly two years ago, and who escaped, has surrendered to the police. He states that he could not endure his exile longer, and determined to go home and give himself up so that he could be near his wife and children.

—While out in a rll boat on Monday evening, William Bickle, Philip Herbst and his son, of Portsmouth, Pa., were drowned. A high wind was blowing, and when nearing the channel of the Ohio, the boat was capsized. It was observed by parties on both sides of the river, but no skiffs could be obtained to rescue them.

—Miss Ellen Snyder, of Ephrata, Lancaster county, died on Sunday from a brain affection brought on by trouble and worry over reading about the Johnstown disaster. The lady had no relatives, or even acquaintances, living in the devastated district, yet her last words were a prayer for the people who had been stricken.

—The body of a man aged about 30 years was found in a badly decomposed state in the closet of a Pullman sleeper at the Union depot, St. Louis, Mo., on Sunday morning. A pistol wound was discovered in his right temple. From papers found on his person, it is thought his name is Richard Adams of Sutton, Mo. Foul play is suspected.

—The town of Princeton, in Butler county, Ohio, about seven miles from Hamilton, was blown away by a terrific wind storm that swept through that section last Sunday. There were about thirty houses, including a saw mill and school house, in the place. All are gone. The storm was general throughout the section and much damage is reported.

—A woman who had been addicted to snuff dipping died at Birmingham, Ala., recently. The doctors held an autopsy and found that her stomach contained considerably more than a pound of wood and pieces of cloth 13 feet long. The woman used snuff and chewed up and swallowed her brushes, but the physicians are at a loss to know how the cloth got there.

—Elizabeth Ellen Gross shot and killed James E. Coates early last Sunday morning at Baltimore. Mrs. Gross states that Coates was beating his wife and she (Gross) told him he should be ashamed. Coates said he would kill her. Shortly after Coates whipped out a razor and used threatening language to her, when she took her pistol out of her pocket and shot him dead.

—On Monday afternoon two heavy freight trains on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway came together with terrible force at the foot of a steep hill, two miles south of Boonville, Missouri. The trainmen escaped injury by jumping, but 150 head of cattle consigned to Chicago parties were killed. Both engines were demolished and twenty-one cars were destroyed. Loss, $40,000.

—Christopher Bates, a Wilkesbarre miner, on going home on Saturday with his pay, gave his 7-months-old child a $20 gold piece to play with. Twenty minutes later it was stuck in the child's throat, and the frantic grandmother pushed it down. One of the physicians says that the milled edge of the coin makes it more dangerous, but Mr. Bates is of the opinion that the edge of this piece was worn smooth.

—Charles Schweitzer, a saloonkeeper of Chicago, Ill., was fatally shot early on Monday morning by one of two unknown men who were engaged with him in a game of cards. They picked a quarrel with him because he proved the best player, but it is expected that robbery was their object. The saloon is in an unfrequented locality. Schweitzer's wife was the only witness of the shooting. The two men escaped.

—While digging the foundation for an addition to the Chestnut street public school building in Reading the workmen were surprised to see the earth suddenly fall away and one of their number disappear. An investigation developed the fact that he had fallen into a subterranean river, and when found he was nearly drowned. The water is about five feet deep, is as clear as crystal and flows with remarkable swiftness.

—John Hessinger, of Easton, this State, was shot and mortally wounded at Rochester, Minn., last Saturday evening by a tramp for refusing to contribute ten cents for the purchase of liquor. A Sheriff's posse subsequently captured a gang of twenty tramps near the city limits, one of whom Hessinger identified as his assailant. The whole gang was place in jail, which is guarded by armed police to prevent a wholesale lynching.

—A month has passed since John Picket expiated the crime of murder on the gallows in Atlanta, Ga. The memory of the event has been reawakened in a remarkable manner. A report comes from Sumpter county that Pickett is still alive and living in that portion of the State; that after the hanging his body was taken in charge by friends, who worked successfully at resuscitation. The story has created a good deal of interest in that city, for if Picket is still alive and is apprehended the question is whether he can be further punished. He has been declared legally dead, and the case will prove one unparalleled in the history of the State.

—Inventor Thomas A. Edison has been at Bechtelsville, Berks county, for the past week supervising the final experiments of his patent ore separator, which is designed to work a revolution in separating iron ore from the dirt by electricity. The separator is a success and will soon be given to the world.

—James E. Farrell, absconding postmaster of Starucca, Pa., who has been staying at Fort Erie, Ont., lately, was lured to Buffalo on Saturday by Joseph Dalton and taken into the station house on a pretense that it was a saloon. He was arrested. Farrel had robbed the postoffice of $400 in stamps and swindled his friends and the members of the C. M. B. A. branch of $6,000 more. Dalton was one of those who had been swindled.

—United States Marshall Balding, of Wilkesbarre went to Erie on Monday with James E. Farrell, the missing Starrucca, Pa., postmaster in custody. Farrell, who had been appointed under the late administration had been charged with robbing the mails of registered letters. Farrell went to Canada and has been staying at Niagara Falls, just across the border. He was enticed over the American side and arrested. The Marshall left for Wilkesbarre with his prisoner.

—Miss Annie Danehardt, aged 21 years, of Wheeling, W. Va., made a desperate attempt to take her life last Sunday evening which will likely result successfully. Some time during the afternoon she took half an ounce of Paris green, and, that not having the desired result, she crawled to the kitchen, secured a butcher knife and made six terrible gashes in her left arm, severing the tendons to the bone. When found by her mother at 5 o'clock, she was almost dead from the combined effects of the poison and loss of blood. She can hardly recover.

—Last Saturday Willis Henderson was horseback riding in Stanley county, North Carolina, with a young lady, when her horse took fright and dashed off at a furious rate. Young Henderson lashed his horse and was in a moment at the heels of the flying horse. He leaned over to one side, to rescue the young lady from her perilous position, when Henderson's head struck with terrific force against a tree, knocking him from his horse and crushing his skull. He was picked up dead. The young lady fell from her horse, but aside from a terrible fright she was not seriously injured.

—The Sebring family, consisting of father, mother, sister and son, Horace, of Three Oaks, Mich., were taken with symptons of poisoning soon after supper on Friday night of last week. It was said the poison had been administered in tea, and that Horace Sebring was under suspicion, having refused to drink the beverage, and not having suffered any symstons of poisoning. The reason alleged for the wholesale poisoning is that young Sebring wanted to marry a girl, who refused him because of his poverty, and, as the farm was willed to him, the death of his parents and sister would make him its possessor. Sebring was arrested on Tuesday charged with having poisoned the family. He was given an immediate hearing and placed under bonds of $1,000. He is 30 years of age.

—A negro, giving his name as Willa King, was in Irwin on Saturday exhibiting himself to the physicians of that place. He is an anatomical wonder. He has two hearts, and one can hear the different pulations. He can also move the left heart into the left groin, while the other one remains in its proper position, and *vice versa*. He has also two sets of ribs and can slide the one set from beneath the other down over the abdomen. He visited the offices of the different physicians there, who gave him a thorough examination. He is a powerful man and has wonderfully strong muscles. One of his feats of strength is bending a ¾ inch iron rod by striking it across his forearm. He was born in New Bedford, Mass., but left there when 9 years old, went to India, where he lived 14 years, thence to New Zealand, where he remained many years.

—Evansville, Ind., was visited by a heavy rain and wind storm on Monday afternoon, doing much damage. Abont 10 o'clock in the evening when the power at the electric light station for street illumination was turned on, numerous wires, which had been blown down during the storm charged buildings and pools of water in the street with electricity. Fire a foot high was emitted in places, causing an alarm to be sounded. The fire department responded and, being unaware of the condition of things, rushed into what was almost certain death, and horses and firemen alike were knocked down by electricity. Others rushed into a building that was thought to be on fire and were thrown down. Citizens rushed in and met a similar fate, and excitement ran high. Finally a messenger hastened to the station and had the electric power shut off, and then the work of resuscitation began. A dozen or more men were found unconscious, but their lives were saved by laying them upon the wet ground.

Whiskey Kills.

How often are we yet to be told that whiskey kills? Arsenic kill; opium kills, and so do hundreds of other good remedies kill if *abused* instead of *used*. But ask the question, "Will whiskey cure?" "Yes!" is the positive reply of the most eminent physicians of all the land. Disease steals into your system like a sneak thief into your house, and often by neglecting a bad cold, we end our days in lingering, and wishing for health—when, indeed, *one* bottle of *Pure Whiskey* or *Brandy* would have cured the cold. Such goods may be scarce, but they *can be* found at Max Klems, 82 Federal street, Allegheny. His "Silver Age" is the only whisky endorsed by the doctors. You can get the pure Guckenheimer, Finch or Gibson Rye at $1.00 per quart or six quarts for $5.00 Send for price list.

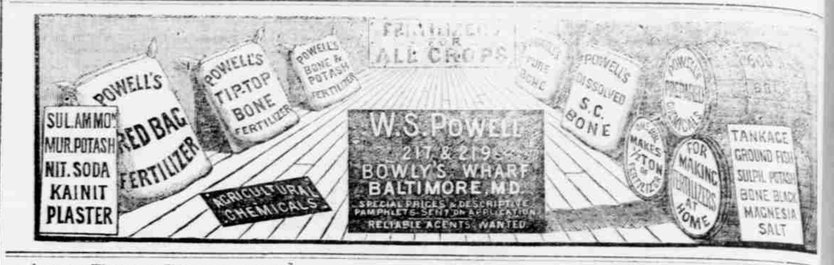
FOSTER & QUINN,

SUCCESSORS TO GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,

113 AND 115 CLINTON STREET, JOHNSTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA.

Call attention to their large and varied assortment of Dress Goods, comprising black and colored Silks, a full line of black Cashmeres, Henriettas, Melrose, Drass d' Alma, Armmes and Nuns' Veilings, colored Cashmeres, Henriettas, Serges, Broad Cloths, Albatross, etc. Wash Dress Goods in all styles. Dress Buttons and Trimmings to match Dress Goods, Table Linen, Napkins, Towels, Toweling, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Underwear and Hosiery, Corsets in 25 different styles, Misses' Corsets and Waists, Kid Gloves and Silk Mitts, Table Covers and Lambrequins, Hamburg Lace Flouncing, etc., etc.

GOODS DELIVERED TO R. R. DEPOT



CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER

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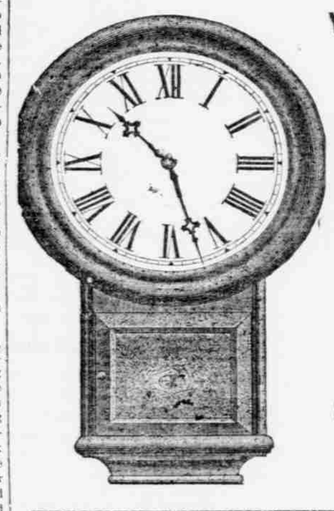

Watches, Clocks,

—JEWELRY,—

Silverware, Musical Instruments,

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Sole Agent

—FOR THE—

Celebrated Rockford WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS of JEWELRY always on hand.

My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

CARL RIVINIUS.

Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885-tf.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBER WEAR

JUST RECEIVED AT

R. L. DAVIS' CHEAP BOOT AND SHOE STORE

Boots for Men and Boys,
Gum Boots for Men and Boys,
Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,
Gum Shoes for Ladies and Children,
Shoes for Children and Babies,
Shoes to fit Everybody at Lowest Prices.

JULIAN ST., EBENSBURG, PA.

DONALD E. DUFFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A
Office in Colonnade Row.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA
Office in Colonnade Row, on Centre street.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
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WOOL! WOOL!

William Murray & Son,

ALTOONA, PA.

Wholesale and Retail dealers in all kinds of Dry Goods, Ladies' Beaded Wraps, Carpets, and a large assortment of China Matting at less than Eastern prices, and pays the highest price for wool. WM. MURRAY & SON,
1515 and 1517 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.
May 10, 1889.

WHAT

SCOTT'S EMULSION CURES

CONSUMPTION
SCROFULA
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Wasting Diseases

Wonderful Flesh Producer

Many have gained one pound per day by its use.

Scott's Emulsion is not a secret remedy. It contains the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites and pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, the potency of both being largely increased. It is used by Physicians all over the world.

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

"This is the Boot for Me"

DON'T BUY YOUR ARCTICS TILL YOU HAVE SEEN THE COLCHESTER ARCTIC with "Outside Counter." Arctics with others in style & durability. If you want the worth of your money try the Colchester "OUTSIDE COUNTER"

Assignee's Sale OF CLOTHING

March, the Clothier, has assigned to the Postoffice, Ebensburg, has made an assignment of his stock to the undersigned. The Stock consists of

$25,000.00

worth of New and Fresh Men's and Boys' Clothing Goods is now offered at Appraiser's figures.

If you want to get a bargain do not fail to attend this Sale.

H. H. HEATH,
Assignee.

HIGH ST. BARBER SHOP

F. CASSIDAY, Proprietor

Shop is located one door east of the Postoffice. If you want a smooth shave, a fashionable hair cut give me a call at shop in business hours.

When you want posters printed call at this office.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - - JULY 19, 1889.

NOTICE.—Persons wanting Extra Copies of this Paper should leave their Orders with us at least one week in advance of publication day.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—If you want all the news, subscribe for the FREEMAN.

Mr. Milton Brown, of Johnstown, was in town on Sunday.

—Mr. Harry Esterline visited Punxsutawney last week.

—Mr. Joseph Link, of Hastings, was in town on Wednesday.

—Mr. Caron Lahey, of Lilly, was in town on Wednesday.

—Master Butler Roberts, of this place, is laid up with a bad cold.

—Dr. Davison has placed a handsome new sign on front of his drug store.

—Mr. Frank Sharbaugh, of Carrolltown, spent Saturday afternoon last in town.

—Mr. Harry Kinkead, of Johnstown, was in Ebensburg on Saturday and Sunday.

—Mrs. Abel Lloyd, of Shady Side, Pittsburg, is visiting relatives and friends in this place.

—Mr. Philip Stoltz, one of Carroll township's enterprising farmers, was in town on Monday.

—The population of the United States and Territories, according to the last census, was 60,150,783.

—No less than five hundred little children died in New York city last week from the extreme hot weather.

—Mrs. R. E. Duncan, of St. Augustine, was visiting her mother, Mrs. Gurley, in this place on Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. Warner, of Philadelphia, are visiting Mrs. R. E. Jones, of this place, the present week.

—Miss Rose Sharbaugh, of Carrolltown, stopped off in town a short time on Monday while on her way to Johnstown.

—Warden Young, of this place, was in Renova last week, attending the State Convention of the Sons of Veterans.

—Miss Hattie Sharbaugh, of Carrolltown, passed through town on her way to Gallitzin on Saturday last to visit friends.

—Mr. Milton Connell departed on Monday last for Allegheny where he has secured a position as telegraph operator.

—It is said that small pieces of gum camphor burned on the stove several times during the day, will drive flies out of the house.

—Lightning killed seven head of valuable blooded cattle owned by Cyrus Miller, of Madison, Westmoreland county, Wednesday.

—Dr. M. R. Banks and wife, of Livermore, Westmoreland county, are visiting their nephew, Dr. M. R. B. Creery, of this place.

—A Berks county man bought a lot of old tinware at auction for which he paid fifteen cents. A coffee pot incinded contained 128 buzzard dollars.

—Messrs. C. A. & S. H. Buck, of Carrolltown, commenced work on the new dwelling house of Mr. A. C. Buck on Highland street on Monday.

—Mrs. Margaret Kittell, of this place, left on Monday last for Uniontown, Fayette county, on a visit to her son, Rev. William Kittell, of that place.

—Miss Sarah McNeilus, of Johnstown, who had been visiting friends in this place and Carrolltown for the past five weeks, returned home on Monday.

—The secular priests of the diocese of Pittsburg and Allegheny began their two weeks' spiritual retreat at the Franciscan Monastery, Loretto, on Monday.

—Two valuable colts, belonging to John and Frederick Schenk, of Liberty township, Centre county, cut their throats a few days ago on a barbed wire fence.

—The Carrolltown base ball club made arrangements to play a game with the home team at this place on Wednesday, but when the appointed time came they failed to show up.

—Mr. Joseph Borkey, an old citizen of Carroll township and father of Mr. Jacob Borkey, of this place, died at his home in that township on Monday last, aged 74 years.

—The twenty-first annual meeting of the Pennsylvania State Dental society will convene at Cresson at 10 o'clock on the morning of July 30 and continue in session for three days.

—Hon. R. L. Johnston and his two stepdaughters, Misses Irene and Maud Glass, and his grand daughter, Miss Mary Scanlan, took a carriage ride to Carrolltown on Wednesday.

—Rupture cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 832 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail.

—Four ounces of saltpetre dissolved in a pail of water, and sprinkled on the cucumber vines is said to be an excellent preparation for destroying the little black insects that infest them at this season.

—Two boys whilst engaged in shingling a house in Altoona, on Thursday last fell from the roof to the ground and were seriously injured. Their names were John Geesey, Jr., and John Slaughenhop.

—A Hungarian miner, employed in W. H. Piper & Co.'s mine at Ben's Creek, had his leg broken while at work on Wednesday. Another workman was also injured on Tuesday by having his hand severely crushed.

—Miss Mary E. Burns, of Renova, Clinton county, aged 15, while at the home of a friend on Thursday of last week, drank a glass of ice water and almost immediately afterward became insane and in that condition died on Monday.

—Peter McGhee, an old soldier, of Beech Creek, Clinton county, was found dead in bed on Tuesday morning. He was 60 years old and just received a pension a few days ago of $775. The cause of death was attributed to an overdose of liquor.

—We have a speedy and positive Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth, and Headache, in Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A Nasal Injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

—Miss Maggie Cooney, of East Conemaugh, who had been visiting friends in Carrolltown and Ebensburg since the disaster at Johnstown, took her departure on Saturday last for Gallitzin where she intends remaining with her relatives for a short time.

—A visitor to Jonstown passing along Stonycreek, South Side, Sunday afternoon stooped down to pick up what he supposed to be a piece of a woman's dress, but as he pulled it up an arm came with it. Pulling a little more he was horrified to discover the body of a child.

—Lieutenant Robert Crawford, United States navy, who has been selected as the head of the great Williamson school of Philadelphia, was formerly a workman in engine shops at Altoona. He was born in Washington's old home at Valley Forge and is about 45 years old.

—Newspapers are very often criticised for what they print, but if it were more generally known how much credit they deserve for what they don't print, or the idiotic twaddle they whack out of what they do print, they would command a more generous judgment.

—Lost on the road between Mountain House, Ebensburg, and Loretto on Sunday morning, a small fair-leather satchel, having thereon the initials "J. B. D." The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the Mountain House, Ebensburg, or at McDonald's store, Loretto.

—Fred. Davis, of Pittsburg, was run over and instantly killed between Johnstown and Conemaugh by No. 4 express east about 2 o'clock Sunday morning. He had been in Johnstown for some days gathering relics of the flood, and it is alleged had been robbed Friday of some $165.

—Mr. Eli Gibbons, of Blairsville, has a brood of domestic partridges. They were hatched by an old hen, who takes very kindly to her nimble little flock. There are fifteen "Bob Whites," and not one of them, or the the old hen, either, is yet aware of the fact that they are not chicks.

—The prolonged rains are delaying the farmers of Pennsylvania at a critical time in harvesting grass and grain crops. There has been very little opportunity for cultivating the corn fields, and in many parts of the State the ground is badly washed and covered with a rank growth of weeds.

—The Pittsburgh and Ebensburg special made its first trip on Saturday last and will continue to run during the summer, leaving Pittsburg every Saturday at 2 55 P. M., arriving at Ebensburg at 6.20 P. M. and leaving Ebensburg every Monday morning at 7.05 A. M. and arriving at Pittsburg at 10.35 A. M.

—A woman manages to sit upright and doesn't change her position, scarcely looking to the right or left, during a sermon in church. A man will sit on a picket fence a whole half day to see a game of base ball played; but place him in a church pew for ten minutes and he will wobble all over the seat.

—Johnstown *Democrat*, July 11: Robert Butler's house, the Pennsylvania railroad hotel, more generally known as the Field house property, on Iron street, Millville borough, had in it at the time of the flood thirty one persons, not one of whom is known to have escaped, and none of their bodies, we are informed, have yet been found.

—A solution consisting of three pounds of lime, one tablespoonful of concentrated lye and six gallons of water, is given as an effective remedy for the protection of potatoes and other crops from damage by potato bugs. It has been used with success. One application with an ordinary sprinkler is all that is necessary. This application not only protects the crop, but stimulates growth.

—No licenses having been granted in the east end of Mercer county the express traffic to that section has grown very large, and many of the the trains to and from New Castle are almost wholly "jug trains." The regular passenger trains on the Indiana branch might be called "keg trains." It is an extremely cold day when from twenty to fifty kegs are not brought to the station.—*Indiana Messenger.*

—Dr. Benjamin Sheppard and Benjamin S. Whitter, of Bedford county, went to Roanoke, Va., on Monday, and procured the release of H. H. Sloan, arrested on Saturday for counterfeiting. Shortly after their arrival officers came from Bedford with a warrant and a large amount of counterfeit 50 and 25 cent pieces, said to have been found on their premises, and they were arrested and locked up.

—The Baldwin Locomotive Works have just completed their ten thousandth locomotive. And a huge engine it is, too, being one-fourth heavier than the largest freight locomotive on the Pennsylvania railroad. It was built for service on the mountain division of the Northern Pacific railroad. Five thousand of the ten thousand locomotives built by these works have been built during the last nine years.

—John Duffy and Thomas Towney, who had been working in Johnstown but left and were traveling eastward on the railroad, were struck by an engine about a mile and a half east of Kittanning Point on Wednesday morning. Duffy was instantly killed and Towney's left leg was broken in two places and also two of his ribs on the right side. Towney is now in the Altoona hospital receiving treatment and will recover.

—The Centre Hall Reporter has discovered, what many persons believed, that in one of the mountain districts in that county there was an actual cloud burst at the time of the recent disastrous flood. It fell in the vicinity of Paddy's mountain, and the water came down Swift run in a flood, at some points showing a height of twenty-seven feet, cutting a bed sixty feet wide in place of the old which was from six to ten feet in width.

—Lewistown *Free Press*: "From an elevated point on the Black Log mountains you can get a distant view of three different counties—Juniata, Mifflin and Huntingdon—and also of the blue Juniata river. And there is a point in the Concord Narrows where a house might be built with four rooms, every one in a separate county, viz: Franklin, Huntingdon, Juniata and Perry. A chap living in such a house could have a good time dodging law processes."

—The H. C. Frick Coke Company has purchased the property of the Connellsville Coke & Iron Company, consisting of 1,500 ovens and ten thousand acres of valuable coal lands, and including three big plants. This makes the Frick concern the largest coke-producing company in the world, with seven thousand ovens and twenty five thousand acres of coal land, and a daily output of twelve thousand tons of coke. The transaction was the largest that has ever taken place in the coke region.

—A German shoemaker, name unknown, was killed on the railroad at Nineveh, on Saturday morning, by the Mail train. He was sitting on the track when first seen The whistle was blown vigorously but he did not heed it and the train passed over him. A small kit of shoemaker's tools was found on his person. There was nothing to establish his identity. His body was interred at the new county cemetery at Nineveh, where the remains of those who perished in the flood repose.

—Circulars have been issued calling for a meeting of the county commissioners of Pennsylvania in Allentown on the 24th, 25th and 26th of September. The first convention of commissioners was held in Erie last September. Topics of general interest relating to uniformity of taxation, etc., will be considered. It is expected that about 150 delegates will be present. Independent of the commissioners there will also be present a number of district attorneys and commissioners' solicitors.

—The strike at the Carnegie, Phipps & Co. steel works, Homestead, where an attempt was made to force a reduced scale of wages upon the workingmen by means of non-union men and Pinkerton thugs, has been settled. A satisfactory scale was completed on Sunday, between representatives of the employes and employers, in which concessions were made by both sides. Just prior to the adjustment of the differences the situation at Homestead was becoming very serious and bloodshed was feared.

—Six miners from Gallitzin were in the city yesterday. One of them played the violin while the other five danced the sword dance, and the funds given by the spectators were contributed to the aid of the strikers on the mountain.—*Altoona Tribune.*

—An accident occurred at Blue Knob, Blair county, on Friday last which resulted in the death of a young man by name of Thomas Diehl, who was off-bearing at the saw mill of Jno. Diehl. By accident he left a slab drop on the saw, which was running at a fast speed, and it threw the young man on the saw, cutting through his left side, into the heart, killing him instantly. With exception of a small gash in the arm the body was not otherwise mangled. There is no blame resting on any one, it being purely accidental.

—Mr. John Dorsey, of Philadelphia, died on Tuesday at his home in Philadelphia. Mr. Dorsey was a victim of the Johnstown flood, having been one of the four commercial travelers quartered at the Hulbert House on the night of the flood. Mr. Dorsey has traveled for his firm, Rettew & Co., the Philadelphia tobacconists, through Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia for a number of years. He was a frequent visitor to Ebensburg, where he was well and favorably known by all our merchants, and his death will be deeply regreted by all who knew him.

—If any of our readers are in need of artistic and substantial cemetery work, made from the best qualities of marble and granite, they will do well to call on J. Wilkinson & Son, marble and granite dealers in this place, where they will find a nice stock to select from, or send them word and they will visit you with a large selection of new and original designs, they guarantee all their work and if their work is not as represented they will not ask you to take it, they are prepared to fill all orders at home and abroad at prices that defy competition. Give them a trial. A 5 6m.

—This is the law regulating vicious dogs and it gives that kind of a dog about all the show he ought to have: If anybody is attacked on the highway by a dog, the party has a right to kill the dog, and the owener can be held accountable for an injury inflicted by the animal. Even on the premises of the owner of a dog, should a party be attacked and injured, after endeavoring to protect himself, the owner can be held responsible for damages inflicted, provided it can be shown that at the time he was in pursuit of business or on a friendly visit. If a dog by barking at passing horses or vehicles occasioned any damage, its owner is liable for the loss sustained.

—The vicinity of New Alexandria, Westmoreland county, was visited last week by an oily-tongued fellow who represented to the farmers that he had just embarked in the jewelry business in New Alexandria and, being a stranger, he had started to "drum up" some work. His genial, kind hearted disposition soon captured the farmers, who gave him their watches to repair, as well as a lot of their good housewives' spoons, etc., to plate, he promising to return in a couple of days. A week has now passed and the fellow has failed to show up, and an investigation has revealed to them the fact that he never was in New Alexandria and was a swindler.

—Huntingdon *Local News*: A sad accident occurred near Orbisonia about half-past 5 o'clock Monday evening, resulting in the instant death of a boy named Kennedy. His father resides a short distance from Brodbeck's stone quarry, about a mile from Orbisonia, where men were at work blasting, and the boy was in the yard playing at the time a heavy blast was put off, heedless of his danger, when a large stone decended and struck him on the head, killing him instantly. The house is located fully 500 yards from the quarry, and it must have been an extraordinary blast that precipitated the stone so far. The boy was aged 12 years, and his death has occasioned general sympathy.

—Charles O. Rowe, of Pittsburg, and Thomas H. Barnard, of Buffalo, N. Y., officials of the Western Union telegraph company, have visited McConnellsburg for the purpose of making provision for the support of the widow and family of the late Hanson A Jackson, who perished in the Johnstown flood. Mr. Jackson was employed as lineman, with headquarterss at Derry, and was ordered to Johnstown on the day of the fatal disaster. He was removing the wires from the first to the second floor of the telegraph building, when the water struck the building and drowned six out of seven of the employes. It is learned that the company have agreed to erect a $1,500 house at McConnellsburg for the family of the deceased and to pay the widow her husband's former salary—$90 per month.

—During the past week only ten bodies were taken to the morgue, as against thirty-nine the week previous. Wednesday was the first day since the flood on which no bodies were recovered. It is likely that but few will be found from this time on, though it is more than probable that the cellars and portions of the town where much of the debris remains will yet give up a few of the victims. Up to this morning the morgue reports contain a list of 2,302 bodies found, of which 1,351 are unidentified and 951 identified. But 2,302 does not include near all the lost. There are several hundred persons, including some of our most prominent residents, who are know to be lost but whose bodies have not been recovered; the number of those found at points along the rivers as far west as Steubenville (beside others found still farther down who could not positively be identified as victims of the flood) will exceed two hundred; while the number reduced to ashes at the stone bridge and those otherwise unaccounted for will in all likelihood raise the total to at least 3,000.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

—McDonald is selling goods at rock bottom prices at both his stores (Loretto and Cresson) for spot cash or trade or to prompt paying customers, as follows: Sugars, 8, 9, 10 and 11 cents per pound; teas, 35, 50 and 70 cents per pound; Coffees, 20 to 25 cents per pound; 5 boxes of essence of coffee, 10 cents; 2 papers baking soda, 10 cents; 2 boxes of baking powder, 10 cents; 2 boxes of yeast, 10 cents; 4 pounds of rice, 25 cents; 4 pounds of prunes, 25 cents; 4 pounds of dried apples, 25 cents; 3 pounds of dried peaches, 25 cents; 5 pounds barley, 25 cents; 5 pounds of oat meal, 25 cents; 6 pounds of rolled oats, 25 cents; 6 pounds of hominy, 25 cents; 3 cans of corn, 25 cents; 3 cans of tomatoes, 25 cents; 3 pounds of starch, 25 cents; 6 pieces of soap, 25 cents; 2 pounds of star candles, 25 cents; 1000 matches, 10 cents; 2 brooms, 25 cents; 2 wash boards, 25 cents; good syrup 40 cents per gallon; pure vinegar 25 cents per gallon; flour, meat, dry goods, notions, hats, caps, boots and shoes at equally low prices. We always pay the highest prices for all kinds of country produce.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, July 18, 1889:

James Gallagher, Cambria borough and Susan Redmond, Conemaugh borough.

James Ramp and Jennie Keppie, Conemaugh borough.

Max Zimmer and Rose Fitz, Conemaugh borough.

Robert S. Boone and Edith S. Miller, Reade township.

Will Get the Cash.

The Johnstown *Tribune* of Wednesday says: No orders were issued by the Board of Inquiry to-day. To-morrow the sufferers of the Sixth Ward will secure their orders.

To-morrow also Judge Cummins will begin paying out the $500,000 allotted by the State Relief Commission.

Treasurer Thompson will come up from Pittsburg this evening and spend the night at Cresson with Judge Cummin. To-morrow morning he and the Judge will come to town on the Pacific Express at 9:33 and at once repair to their office and begin cashing orders.

The office is in the lower room of the temporary building on the Dibert corner of the Market Square.

It has been fitted up with necessary tables, chairs, etc. On a counter running the full width af the room at the rear are five stamps for the notaries public, who will swear the people to their claims.

The notaries appointed for this purpose are Messrs. J. Frank Condon, John D. Roberts, M. B. Stephens, W. Williams, R. S. Murphy. Mr. Roberts having been declared ineligible, another will have to be obtained in his place.

Each Notary will have three clerks. The following are their names: W. H. McMullen, E. T. Edwards, Conrad Pribek, C. F. Kress, Jr., William J. Lamberd, George E. Raab, J. Henry Schiffhauer, W. C. Smith, L. D. Sorber, Charles McNeelis, J. N. Smouse, Frank Phillips, J. C. Closson, Gilbert J. Blair, Harry Mainhart.

Judge Cummin says he expects to be able to cash off about two hundred people per day. At this rate it will take about twenty days to pay the claimants, who number about four thousand.

The Judge says that at the same time the people receive their money they will be given a blank to fill out for their second allotment. After that there will, he says, be no more blanks to fill.

The only sufferers who will receive their money to-morrow will be those of the Seventh ward. The next day the Fifth ward people will be paid.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Excursions to the Jersey Coast.

Of all the excursions offered to the people of this section none possess more merit than those of the Pennsylvania railroad to the attractive resorts of the New Jersey coast. The dates of these trips are opportunely fixed, the limit of the tickets cover the usual vacation period, the points of destination, Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle, or Ocean City are not only the choicest seaside resorts of the land but they have individual attractions which suit ever taste; the rate is so liberal as to come within the means of every one and the means of transportation is of the highest grade.

These characteristics have made these trips exceedingly popular and have afforded many of our people a delightful holiday tour, arranged, as it were, to their order.

The first trip of this season was a brilliant success and the second, which will occur on July 25th will doubtless be still more successful as it comes at a date nearer the height of the seaside season.

Excursion tickets will be sold as heretofore at $10.00 from Pittsburg, and correspondingly low rates from other stations, valid for return trip ten days, and the special train of Pullman Parlor Cars and Bay Coaches will run on schedule as below:—

	Rate.	Train leaves.
Johnstown	$9 25	11.03 A. M.
Cresson	8 50	11.52 "
Altoona	8 00	12.30 P. M.

The members of the party will spend the night in Philadelphia and proceed to the shore by any regular train of the following day. The return coupon of tickets is valid for use on any regular train except New York and Chicago Limited within the return limit.

Held by a Corpse.

Rev. Fr. Trautwein, of Cambria city, visited Rev. E. M. McKeever, of Latrobe, recently, says the *Adrance*, and related the following incident of the flood which had not been printed heretofore. He was standing on the bridge on that awful Saturday succeeding the flood and witnessed the attempt of workmen to remove a Miss Clark from the wreck, they had removed the debris from her head and body as far as exposed, but still she could not be liberated. The flames were approaching, and Father Trautwein administered the sacrament of the church to the poor unfortunate, who believed that she must certainly perish. In desperation one man dived beneath the water and endeavored to free her, when he found her one heel held in a vise like grip by a human hand. The muscles were set in death and it seemed that the unfortunate girl could not be freed from their awful clasp. An ax was procured and the hand severed from the arm, when Miss Clark was taken out. Both her legs were broken, but she was taken to the hospital and is getting along nicely. The men then went to work and finally succeeded in getting out the body to which the hand belonged. Strange to relate, it was that of Miss Clark's grandfather, and it was his hand that had almost dragged her to an awful death.

Loretto Briefs.

LORETTO, July 16, 1889.

DEAR FREEMAN:—A lad who resides in this vicinity tried to become too familiar with a young lady who is stopping near Loretto. The result was a considerable amount of pain about the opening of the young man's face. He met the right one that time.

One of our band boys knows how much it costs for exploding firecrackers in Carrolltown.

Mr. Michael Driskel is seriously ill at his home in Allegheny township.

The oats is very much rusted in this vicinity.

The wife of Hon. Daniel J. McLaughlin, of Johnstown, visited the homes of Messrs. F. O'Friel, of Loretto, and F. A. Storm, of Allegheny ttownship, on Monday of this week. Her family escaped very narrowly from the flood which destroyed everything else which they owned.

Yours, I. P. L.

I Suffered

For more than ten years with that dreadful disease, catarrh, and used every available medicine which was recommended to me. I cannot thank you enough for the relief which your Cream Balm has afforded me. Emanuel Meyers, Winfield, L. I., N. Y.

For fifteen years I was annoyed with severe pain in my head and discharges into my throat from catarrh. My sense of smell was much impaired. By the use of Ely's Cream Balm I have overcome these troubles.—J. B. Case, St. Denis Hotel, N. Y.

No Man Need be Idle.

—The subscription books published by Faulkner & Allan, of Philadelphia, have proved exceptionally popular and profitable for agents. An announcement by them of a new work, invariably brings a great number of applications for territory from agents who are eager for opportunities to make "big money."—*Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper.*

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. Sold at the drug store of E. James, Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

What the People of Johnstown Want.

A meeting of the citizens of Johnstown was held on Saturday last, of which Burgess Irwin Horrell was president and the representatives of the press were secretaries. Messrs. Scott Dibert, John Thomas, John E. Howe, Louis Baumer, Eben James, Frank Devlin, Sr., William McLain, W. S. O'Brien and A. N. Wakefield were elected vice-presidents.

Remarks were made by Burgess Horrell, W. Horace Rose, Esq., Chal L. Dick, Rev. Dr. Beale, A. J. Haws and others. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the citizens of Johnstown and vicinity respectfully yet earnestly request that the fund contributed for the relief of the sufferers by the disastrous flood which devastated the Conemaugh Valley be as speedily as possible distributed in money direct to the people for whose benefit it was donated, and that all purchases, contracts and expenses to be paid for out of this fund shall immediately cease.

Resolved, That any hoarding up of this fund to meet problematical future wants will materially diminish its usefulness and only result in delaying to a more distant time the restoration of homes, of business, of industry, and of confidence. It will do more good in the hands of the people now than at any time hereafter.

Resolved, That we repudiate as insulting to the manhood and intelligence of our citizens (now that the avenues of trade are opened up) the imputation that they cannot and will not wisely and economically disburse any funds placed in their hands, and, because of this imputation, the arrogant assumption that guardians must supervise our expenditures, purchase supplies, and make our contracts.

Resolved, That if the statement imputed to His Excellency, Governor Beaver, that "$1,500,000 has already been expended in Johnstown and vicinity" has any foundation in fact, it is the strongest possible argument that expending relief funds in contracting for building, quartermaster, and commissary supplies is not a wise, judicious, or economical way of disbursing such funds when the ordinary sources of supply are opened up. Only by gross extravagances and carelessness could such a sum be used here, and the people have received no adequate return for the expenditure of so large an amount.

Resolved, That the disbursement of the fund subscribed for relief direct to the sufferers by the flood, will stimulate business, will provide work for our builders and trade for our merchants, will provide labor for our artisans and will tend to restore confidence in the community, and will thus directly and indirectly help those for whom the fund was intended, while any other course, at this day, savors of jobs, redounds to the benefit of non-resident contractors and business men having no interest in this community, and unjustly discriminates against our own citizens.

Resolved, That it is unfair and unjust to exact an oath as to private income and relief before the bounteous charity of our countrymen can be distributed to its beneficiaries.

Resolved, That we hereby appeal to the custodians of funds at Philadelphia, New York, Pittsburg and other localities to transmit the funds in their hands intended for Conemaugh valley sufferers direct to our local finance committee to be distributed by that committee immediately, in cash, upon requisitions of the board of inquiry upon such fair and equitable basis as may be adopted, and we invite the co-operation of such custodians in making such distribution.

Resolved, That our citizens have entire confidence in the good faith, skill and judgment of the board of inquiry appointed at a citizens' meeting and the local boards which they called to their assistance, and this meeting cannot look with favor upon any attempt of strangers to supervise their work—perhaps reverse their findings and by exacting extra-judicial oaths and inquisitorial inquiries as to income and other relief, reflect on the proceedings of the board, and as we fear delay for an indefinite period the distribution of that portion of the fund graciously allowed for present disbursement.

Resolved, That this meeting express its profound gratitude to the many thousands of people in our own town and other lands who have so spontaneously and generously contributed to the relief of our people, and only now venture on this expression of opinion because these here assembled believe they are in this way but expressing the sentiments of the generous donors of so beauteous a fund, as they are sure they express those of the intended beneficiaries.

Resolved, That the State commission be asked to furnish a sworn itemized statement of the $1,700,000, said to have been expended in behalf of the sufferers at that place.

JOB :: PRINTING.

THE FREEMAN

Printing Office

Is the place to get your

JOB PRINTING

Promptly and satisfactorily executed. We will meet the prices of all honorable competion. We don't do any but first-class work and want a living price for it.

With Fast Presses and New Type

We are prepared to turn out Job Printing of every discription in the FINEST STYLE and at the very

Lowest Cash Prices.

Nothing but the best material is used and our work speaks for itself. We are prepared to print on the shortest notice

POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, BUSINESS CARDS, TAGS, BILL HEADS, MONTHLY STATEMENTS, ENVELOPES, LABELS, CIRCULARS, WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, CHECKS, NOTES, DRAFTS, RECEIPTS, BOND WORK, LETTER AND NOTE HEADS, AND HOP AND PARTY INVITATIONS, ETC.

We can print anything from the smallest and neatest Visiting Card to the largest Poster on short notice and at the most Reasonable Rates.

The Cambria Freeman,

EBENSBURG, PENN'A.

BE WISE!

BOOTS AND SHOES DRESSED WITH

Wolff's ACME Blacking

NEVER GET HARD AND STIFF,

Always look neat. Equally good for Men's, Women's or Child's Shoes. No blacking brush required, and the polishing is done in three minutes without labor.

WATERPROOF and warranted to preserve leather, and keeps it soft and durable.

Sold by Shoe Stores, Grocers, Druggists, &c.

Try it on your Harness.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

The powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test short weight, alum or phosphate powder. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., New York.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

TO THE DEMOCRACY OF CAMBRIA COUNTY. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for the office of Register and Recorder at the ensuing Democratic Primary. CELESTINE J. BLAIR.
Ebensburg, March 20, 1889.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
F. J. O'CONNOR, of Johnstown, Penn'a. Subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary Election.
Ebensburg, Pa., May 2, 1889.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
To the Democratic voters of Cambria county. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of District Attorney, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.
DONALD E. DUFTON.
Ebensburg, April 29, 1889.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY
James M. Walters of Johnstown, Pa. Subject to the decision of the Democratic Primaries.
Ebensburg March 15, 1889.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.
To the Democratic voters of Cambria county. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination of the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic primaries
JAMES C. DARBY.
Conemaugh Bor., First ward, March 28, 1889.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.
To the Democratic voters of Cambria county. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the action of the ensuing Democratic Primary election.
GEORGE C. MILLER.
Conemaugh Bor., May 10, 1889.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR.
The name of Rudolphel Hite of Carroll township is announced as a candidate for the nomination for Poor Director subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.
Ebensburg, May 8, 1889.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cresson Springs company will be held at the Mountain House, Cresson, Pa., on Tuesday, August 6th, 1889, at 9 o'clock A. M. Election for President and Directors same day and place.
JAMES R. McCLURE,
Ebensburg, July 19, 1889.-3t. Secretary.

LETTING.—
The undersigned will receive proposals up until July 1st for the painting and plastering of the new Catholic church at Chest Springs, the bidders to find all materials. Bidders who wish to see the personally may call on me on Saturdays, or otherwise address me at Chest Springs, Pa.
M. J. WALTZ.
Ebensburg, June 28, 1889.

FOR SALE.—
A lot of ground situate in the borough of Tunnelhill, Cambria county, Pa., fronting 110 feet on Portage street and extending back 250 feet having thereon erected two houses, one containing 8 rooms and the other 2 rooms. The property will be sold separate or together to suit purchasers. For further particulars inquire of Michael Donovan, Ebensburg, Pa.
MRS. MARY J. BYRNE
Ebensburg, April 29, 1889.—3mo.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
Notice is hereby given that letters of administration cum testamento annexo on the estate of Richard Mayers, late of Summerhill township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement to
HENRY M. HUGH,
Adm'r of Richard Mayers, dec'd.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Michael J. Dunegan late of Clearfield township Cambria county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement to
JULIA ANN DUNEGAN,
JAMES DUNEGAN,
Adm'rs of Michael J. Dunegan.
Ebensburg, June 14, 1889

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—
Having been appointed executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Z. Nagle, late of Allegheny township, deceased. Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to me and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
SILAS NAGLE, Executor,
Allegheny Twp., July 12, 1889.

EXECUTOR NOTICE.—
Letters testamentary on the estate of Mrs. Ann Davis, late of Ebensburg borough deceased, having been granted me by the Register of Cambria county. Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment to me, and those having claims against the said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
MICHAEL L. DAVIS.
Executor of Mrs. Ann Davis.
Ebensburg, April 12, 1889.

FARM FOR SALE—
There will be disposed of at private sale, a farm situate in Allegheny township, one-fourth mile from Loretto, on the road leading from said place to Ebensburg. This farm contains about 80 acres, about 60 acres of which are cleared, having thereon a new two-story frame house and barn, fine orchard, etc., and is in a good state of cultivation and well watered. For further particulars address
FRANCIS O'FRIEL,
Loretto, Feb. 1, 1889. Loretto, Pa.

STRAY CATTLE.—
Strayed away from the premises of the subscriber residing in the northwestern part of Cambria township, seven miles from Ebensburg on the Belsano and Carrolltown road, on or about the 20th of May last, five head of yearling cattle described as follows: 1 large red steer, 1 red stag with white star in forehead, 1 red heifer, 1 red heifer with white face and 1 white heifer with some red spots, with small bell on, any person giving me information of their whereabouts will be suitably rewarded.
WILLIAM D. JONES, North.
Ebensburg, June 14, 1889.-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—
The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county to report distribution of the fund in the hands of James F. Myers, assignee of Samuel Hill, as shown by his second and final account, to and among the persons legally entitled to receive the same, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in the borough of Ebensburg, on Friday, August 9th, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested shall attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.
ALVIN EVANS, Auditor.
Ebensburg, July 12, 1889.-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—
The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county to report distribution of the the fund in the hands of Joseph Miller, assignee of J. C. Noel, as shown by his first and final account, to and among the persons legally entitled to receive the same hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in the borough of Ebensburg, on Wednesday, August 7th, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested shall attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.
ALVIN EVANS, Auditor.
Ebensburg July 12, 1889.-3t.

The Only Complete Book Published. Now Ready.

AMERICAN FISHES.

A popular treatise upon the game and Food Fishes of North America, with especial reference to habits and methods of capture, by G. Brown Goode, U. S. Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries. With numerous illustrations and a magnificent frontispiece plate of a brook trout in nine colors. The work is published in one volume, Royal Octavo. Over 500 pages, from new plates, on handsome paper, and elegantly bound. Sent free on receipt of price, $3.50.

FAULKNER & ALLAN,

1713 Chestnut St., Phil'a, Pa.

Ebensburg, July 19, '89.-4t.

The Tail End of Old 1888

AND

The Beginning of 1889

will be made memorable by WOOLF, SON & THOMAS for low prices. Our Overcoat Department is teeming with Bargains. Words and figures cannot possibly convey a correct idea of the manner in which we have cut the prices of all our stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Overcoats and heavy suits. The sacrafice we make in unloading this stock is without parallel. Not a price will we quote, but of this fact you may rest assured: that from our finest Dress Suit or Overcoat for a young gentleman down to the strong every-day Suit for a school-boy, we will give more and better for the price we ask than we have ever given before. This Reduction Sale is in Gownright earnest. We mean business. The Overcoats and heavy suits must be sold. The weather was against us in the early part of the season, and now if you have a little ready money it will prove a saving of several dollars to you in your purchases from us.

The Greatest Reductions have been in the Prices of

HOLIDAY GOODS:

Fur Caps, 43 72, 89 cents; former prices, 75c., $1, $1, $1.25.
Plush Neckwear, 47, 75, 87 cents; former prices, 75c., $1, $1 25.
Silk Mufflers, 37, 68, 75 cents; former prices, 75c., $1, $1.10.
Fur top Gloves, 75 cts., $1, $1.25; former prices $1, $1.25, $1.50.
Boys' Plush Caps, 17, 28, 42 cents; former prices, 25, 40, 60 cts.

GIVEN AWAY! GIVEN AWAY!

From now until New Year's Day we shall continue to present each of our many customers (purchasing goods to the amount of $3 or more) with one of those Handsome Plush Photograph Albums which have delighted thousands of our lady friends during Christmas week.

REMEMBER, GREATEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED.

Woolf, Son & Thomas,

JOHNSTOWN, PENN'A.

Tomato Cultivation.

The tomato plant is the prettiest vegetable plant we have when properly cared for. First make a ridge eight inches high and twelve wide. If the dirt is not strong enough to grow thrifty plants, go to the fence corner and get some that is; place about one peck where the plant will stand. Set plants three feet apart—not less. Get stakes—say three inches in diameter—and drive in the ground, leaving three feet out. Drive one every eight feet the length of the row; they will be three feet apart the cross way. If you have elm bark handy cut it in strips two inches broad—if not, use slats or fence wire, making three rows on each side at one foot from the bottom, at middle and at top, then cross near the plant to keep it straight. Every five or six days pass along and fix the branches in proper shape, as you would have them grow. Do not allow grass or weeds to grow within three feet of plants. Water the plants in evenings if it does not rain enough to make them grow fast, and when the tomatoes begin to ripen you will have a row of them five feet wide, four feet high and ninety feet long, from only thirty plants. Only think of it! The grand row, just covered with big red tomatoes from end to end and from bottom to top, all up out of the dirt, clean and sweet! Remember the things we do should be done well. This frame can be placed on one side of the garden and remain for years.

As I travel from house to house I see tomato plants here and there in gardens flat down on the ground, and the tomatoes rot as fast as they turn red; or planted in ridges three inches apart, with stalks about as large as a lead pencil two feet high and with three tomatoes per stalk. Friends, try the frame plan and you will be well pleased with it.

Origin of O. K.

While at Nashville in search of material for his history, a gentleman named Patton found among the records of the court of which General Jackson had been judge a great many legal documents endorsed "O. R." which meant "Order recorded," but often so scrawlingly written that one could easily read it as O. K. If "Major Downing" noticed a bundle of papers thus marked upon President Jackson's table, documents, perhaps, from his former court, in which he still had interest, it is very easy to see how a punster could imagine it to "O. K." or "oil korrect."

No doubt Seba Smith, who wrote under the nom de plume of "Major Jack Downing," had much to do with creating the impression that President Jackson was unlettered and illiterate, whereas many existing personal letters, military reports, court opinions and State papers show to the contrary. He lived before the day of stenographers typewriters, and yet carried on a voluminous correspondence. Hundreds of his personal letters to old soldier friends are still preserved as heirlooms in South, and his handiwork is numerous in Washington. He was evidently a rapid penman, and made greater use of capital letters than is the present custom, but misspelled words and stumbling sentences were few and far between.

Pearls of Thought.

Charity thinketh no evil.

The wise man talks but little.

Without hearts there is no home.

Be not simply good—be good for something.

We can have many wives, but only one mother.

How much the wife is dearer than the bridal.

The mind which is free from passion is a citadel.

Love is the brightest ray which lights the pathway of life.

It destroys one's nerves to be amiable every day to the same human being.

Confidence of success is a most success; and an obstacle often fall of themselves before a determination to overcome them.

There is no man at once either excelently good or extremely evil but grows either as he holds himself up in virtue or lets himself slide to viciousness.

Warm bread or cake can be cut without becoming moist and heavy, if the knife, a thin, sharp one, is dipped into boiling hot water, wiped quickly, and the bread cut immediately, before the knife has time to cool. A napkin should be laid double on the plate where the warm slices are laid.

Worth Repeating.

Without a rich heart wealth is an ugly beggar.

From the lowest depth there is a path to the loftiest height.

Sin has many, tools but a lie is a handle that fits them all.

Ignorance is weakness. An ignorant soul lacks force in its faculties, and skill in their use.

Two things we should never fret about, first, what we can prevent; and second, what we cannot prevent.

Truth is a queen who has her eternal throne in the heaven, and her seat of empire in the heart of God.

Theology at best is a human fabrication; its propositions are but human conceptions of divine things; they are not the things themselves.

Take all the sorrows out of life, and of boiling water as soon as it comes to a scald.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worse cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis. while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it Price 10 cents, 50 cents, and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest or back lame, us. Shiloh's Porous Plasters. Soldby Dr. T. J Da vison.

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THE NEW QUININE.

GIVES GOOD APPETITE STRENGTH, QUIETNERVES, HAPPY DAYS, SWEET SLEEP.

A POWERFUL TONIC,
that the most delicate stomach will bear.
A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
and all Germ Diseases.

The most scientific and successful Blood Purifier. Superior to quinine.

Mr. John C. Smarborough, Selma, N. C., writes: "I got malaria in the Southern army and for a dozen years suffered from its debilitating effects. I was terribly run down when I heard of Kaskine, the new quinine. It helped me at once. I gained 35 pounds. Have not had such good health in 20 years."

Other letters of a similar character from prominent individuals, which stamp Kaskine as a remedy of undoubted merit, will be sent on application.

Letters from the above persons, giving full details will be sent on application.

Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.
THE KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., New York.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

A. HOAG'S
Corn, Bone and Phosphate
PLANTER.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.
OVER 50,000 NOW IN USE.
AGENTS WANTED in every town. Prices and circulars sent free. Address
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Handbook about patents mailed free.

All Druggists, 10c., 25c., and $1.00. Prepared only by Dr. Seth Arnold, Med. Corp., Woonsocket, R. I.

FOUTZ'S
HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS

No Horse will die of COLIC, Bots or LUNG FEVER, if Foutz Powders are used in time.
Foutz's Powders will prevent and cure HOG CHOLERA.
Foutz's Powders will prevent GAPES IN FOWLS.
Foutz's Powders will increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent., and make the butter firm and sweet.
Foutz's Powders will cure or prevent almost every Disease to which Horses and Cattle are subject.
Foutz's Powders WILL GIVE SATISFACTION.
Sold everywhere.
DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, MD.
For sale at DAVISON'S Drug Store.

C. A. LANGBEIN,
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
ALL KINDS of HARNESS,
SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS,
COLLARS, HARNESS OILS, BLANKETS,
Robes, Fly Nets, Curry Combs, etc., etc. Repairing Neatly and Promptly done. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Shop in Parkers' Row, on Centre street.

Wonderful Coincidences.

Alexander wept because he had no more nations to conquer; at last set fire to a city, and died in a scene of debauch.

Buffon says he owed ten or a dozen of his best works to his servant, who pulled him out of bed early, at six in the morning.

Admiral Bythesea, a very distinguished officer, was picked up at sea when an infant by a ship of war, and lashed to a bale of goods. Inquiry failed to elicit any sort of information about this human flotsam, so the ship's officers adopted him, called him "By the-Sea" and sent him to a naval school. The first ship in which he served was that which had saved his life.

Bernadotte, King of Sweden, was a surgeon in the garrison; Madame Bernadotte was a washerwoman in Paris.

Boliver was a druggist.

Catharine, the Empress of Russia, was a grisette.

Cincinnatus was plowing his vineyard when the directorship of Rome was handed to him.

Columbus was a sailor.

Confucius was a carpenter.

Franklin was a printer.

King Christopher of Hayti was a slave of St. Kitt.

King Louis Phillippi was a teacher of the French tongue.

Mohammed, called the prophet, was a driver of asses.

Napoleon, a descendant of an obscure family of Corsica, was a Major when he married Josephine, the daughter of a tobacconist a Creole of Martinique.

Oliver Cromwell was originally a brewer.

Pres dant John Tyler was a captain of militia.

President Polk had been an innkeeper.

The step-father of Isabella, Queen of Spain, the husband of Queen Christina, and the brother-in-law of the King of Naples, was once a barkeeper of a coffee room.

There are, according to history, in Spain and Portugal, at the present time, several dukes, marquises, counts, viscounts and barons, who were formally barbers, cobblers, cooks, sweepers and tailors.

Good Manners.

Never try to outshine, but to please.

Never press a favor where it seems undesired.

Never intrude ill health, pains, losses or misfortunes.

Never unavoidably wound the feelings of a human being.

Never talk or laugh aloud in public places or upon the street.

Never forget that vulgarity has its origin in ignorance or selfishness.

Never urge another to do anything against his desire unless you see danger before him.

Do not ask another to do what you would not be glad to do under similar circumstances.

Never omit to perform a kind act when it can be done with any reasonable amount of exertion.

Do not make witticisms at the expense of others which you would not wish to have made upon yourselves.

Remember that good manners are thoughts filled with kindness and refinement and then translated into behavior.

Be rude to none; rudeness harms not even the humblest and poorest to whom it is directed, but it injures the exhibiters.

Never needlessly wound the vanity of another, nor dilate unnecessarily upon disagreeable subjects.

Never treat superiors with servility or inferiors with arrogance.—Speak as kindly to a day-laborer as to one occupying a high position.

Always give precedence to elders, visitors and superiors. Offer them the best seat at table, the best place by the fire, and the first of everything. Go further than mere form, and see that they are comfortable and happy.

A Clever Automatic Machine.

The latest addition to railway-station automatic machines—if it stands the test of work—is likely to prove the most useful. It is a "message cabinet," whereto every class of hurried, forgetful, or amatory passengers may confide their thoughts for a small charge with the certainty of secrecy, and of impartial delivery to the right recipient when he or she arrives and moves this ingenious modern oracle. An individual who proposes to intrust a note to the receptacle places himself in front of it. He then propitiates the shrine with the modest offering of a penny, and in return a desk-like flap falls down and discloses a convenient slip of paper. On this the message is written. Whatever the message the clever little machine takes it down into its interior and on receiving another "copper" shows the scrip at any time during the day to the inquirer who turns a convenient handle and can recognize his missive in a column of others, grave, frivolous or gay.

Culinary Maxims.

A good meal is worth hanging for.

Is there nothing between the fast and the feast?

A hungry stomach seldom loathes common victuals.

A hungry man discovers more than a hundred lawyers.

We must eat and drink though every tree was a gallows.

There is never enmity between the cook and the butter.

One bird in the dish is better than a hundred in the air.

They must hunger in frost who spring-time have lost.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy, a marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious Nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cents. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

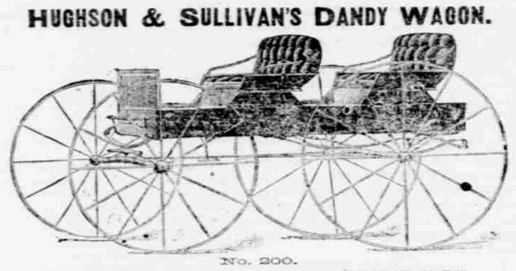
THE SPRING MEDICINE YOU WANT
Paine's Celery Compound
Purifies the Blood,
Strengthens the Nerves,
Stimulates the Liver,
Regulates the Kidneys and Bowels,
Gives Life and Vigor to every organ.

There's nothing like it. | Use It Now!

Brigadier General V. N. G., Burlington, Vt.
Sold for $500. All Druggists.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co. Props. Burlington, Vt.
E. K. KNOX, Watertown, Dakota.

DIAMOND DYES Color Feathers and Ribbons. LACTATED FOOD Babies using it sleep well nights. Women Laughing.

HUGHSON & SULLIVAN'S DANDY WAGON.



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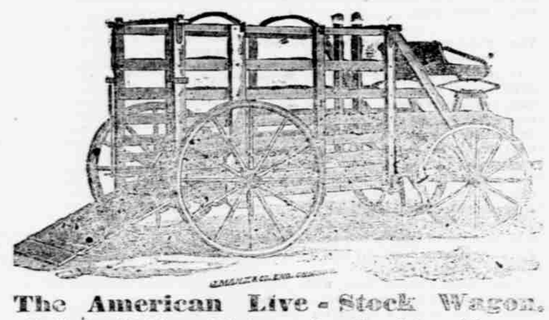
THE FINEST RUNABOUT WAGON IN THE MARKET FOR THE DEALER OR USER. It is well made and finished from first-class Stock and fully warranted.
AGENTS WANTED.
Send for Catalogue showing a Variety of styles of Wagons, Carriages, Buggies, Carts and Cutters.
HUGHSON & SULLIVAN,
Manufacturers for the Trade, ROCHESTER, N. Y.



The American Live-Stock Wagon.
For the Use of Butchers and Stockmen. Saves Time, Labor and Expense.
No danger to the animal you are conveying, or to your horses. The load does not get heated up, but is ready to kill as soon as it reaches the slaughter-house, and your meat is sound and healthy when it is brought to the block.
Ask for Catalogue "B." For prices, terms and circulars, address
SHIPMAN BRADT & CO., De Kalb, N.Y.

The treatment of many thousands of cases of these distressing complaints, and the many ailments peculiar to females, at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has afforded an extensive experience in wisely selecting and successfully testing remedies for the cure of woman's peculiar ailments.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the outgrowth, or result, of this great and valuable experience. Thousands of testimonials, received from patients and from physicians who have tested it in the most severe and obstinate cases which had baffled their skill, prove it to be the most wonderful remedy ever discovered for the relief and cure of suffering women. It is not recommended as a "cure-all," but as a most perfect Specific for woman's peculiar ailments.

As a powerful, invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system, and to the womb and its appliances in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, exhaustion, prostration, hysteria, spasms and other distressing, nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womb. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a legitimate medicine, carefully compounded by an experienced and skilful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the system. For morning sickness, or nausea, from whatever cause arising, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia and kindred symptoms, its use, in small doses, will prove very beneficial.

"Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhœa, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppression, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

As a regulator and promotor of functional action, at that critical period of change from girlhood to womanhood, "Favorite Prescription" is a perfectly safe remedial agent, and can produce only good results. It is equally efficacious and valuable in its effects when taken for those disorders and derangements incident to that later and most critical period, known as "The Change of Life."

"Favorite Prescription," when taken in connection with the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and small laxative doses of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets (Little Liver Pills), cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder diseases. Their combined use also removes blood taints, and abolishes cancerous and scrofulous humors from the system.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee, from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrapper, and faithfully carried out for many years. Large bottles (100 doses) $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.

For large, illustrated Treatise on Diseases of Women (168 pages, paper-covered), send ten cents in stamps. Address,
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And Manufacturer & Dealer in
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FURNITURE
PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,
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JOS. FLEMING,
No. 84 MARKET ST.
Having had for a number of years a fair share of the patronage of the good people of Pittsburgh and vicinity, I take this opportunity to say, with increased facilities and stock, I am better prepared than ever to solicit their orders, either wholesale or retail, in any way relating to the drug trade, and by accuracy, neatness and promptness, and prices lower than ever, I hope to merit their continued favors. I have constantly in stock a full line of DRUGS, TINCTURES, SHOULDER BRACES for ladies and gents, HARDWARE, FAMILY SYRINGES, HAIR, NAIL and TOOTH BRUSHES. All the leading PROPRIETARY MEDICINES of the day. COD LIVER OIL PREPARATIONS, MALT EXTRACTS. For medical purposes there is no better, purer, older whiskey sold to-day anywhere than the pure eight-year old Guckenheimer Whiskey I am selling at $2.50 per full quart bottles, or six bottles for $8. The only wines that should be used for medical purposes are the pure California Port, Sherry Muscatel, Angelica, and Sweet and Dry Catawba that I am now selling.
Send for price list of Wines and Liquors, mailed free to any address. The money should accompany all orders for wines or liquors, as we do not sell any goods C. O. D.
JOSEPH FLEMING & SON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
PITTSBURG, PA.
412 MARKET ST. Cor. of the Diamond.
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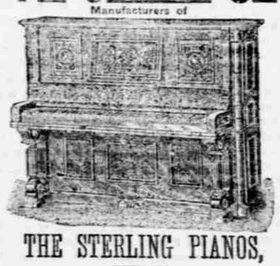
Manufacturers of

THE STERLING PIANOS,
WHICH FOR
Quality of Tone, Beauty of Design, FINISH and adaptability for standing in Tune have no equal.
Every Piano Warranted for Five Years
and satisfaction guaranteed to every purchaser.
Also Manufacture the WORLD-RENOWNED
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and dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE,
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A full line of Caskets always on hand.
Bodies Embalmed
WHEN REQUIRED.
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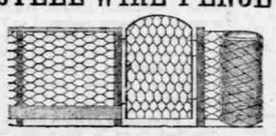

The cheapest and neatest Fence for around Lawns, School Lots, Poultry Yards, Gardens, Farms etc. Also manufacturers of Light and Heavy Iron Fencing, Cresting, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters, Fire Escapes of different designs, and all kinds of Iron and Wire Work.
TAYLOR & DEAN,
203 & 205 Market Street, Pittsburg, Pa.
April 5, 1880.—1yr.

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE
GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City

Appetizing Salads.

Nothing is more pleasing to the appetite on a warm day than a well-made salad, which, with thinly-sliced bread and butter and cold coffee or tea, forms a most appetizing lunch. An excellent salad is made of cabbage: Chop very fine first, remove the core as if left in it will impart a bitter taste. Take a lump of butter the size of an egg and melt, place in a saucer and mix with it one-half teaspoon each of mustard and salt and one fourth of a teaspoon of black pepper; when all has been mixed smooth, pour in one cup of vinegar and set on the stove to boil; when it has boiled up good stir in two eggs well beaten, stirring it constantly; when cold pour over the chopped cabbage. It is a good plan when making chicken salad to boil the chickens one day and prepare the dressing the next, as the meat can be left to harden and thus produce better salad. Chop the meat of one large fowl, being careful to remove all the skin and fat. Add to it the same quantity of white celery chopped fine. For the dressing beat together two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, two teaspoonfuls each of mixed mustard and salt, and one teaspoon of white pepper. Beat to a cream and stir in the yolks of eight eggs well beaten; set on the fire and when it comes to a boil add one-half cupfull each of vinegar and sweet cream; after it has cooled pour over the chicken. When ready to serve garnish with celery tops. This dressing may also be used for potato salad. Slice cold boiled potatoes very thin to cover the bottom of a salad bowl, pour over a little of the dressing, then another layer of the potatoes and so on till the bowl is full. If liked a little grated onion and chopped parsley may be mixed with the potatoes.

Cucumber Salad—Select three cucumbers of a medium size and be sure they are fresh. Put them in a basin of cold water for half an hour, then peel and slice very thin, commencing at thick or blow end, or they are likely to be bitter; let the slices drop into a pan of cold water, in which let them lie for ten or fifteen minutes; pour off the water and replace once or twice; finally cover them with ice and set in a cold place until they are wanted for the table, then pour over them a little salt and pepper, a teaspoonful of melted butter and a cup of vinegar. A delicious salid is made of shrimp. If fresh shrimps are used remove the shell and the small black line which runs through them. It is very slow work to shell them and canned fish will do as well. Make a dressing the same as chicken salad, mix well and put a tablefpoonful into lettuce leaves arranged as a cup. For a delicious dressing for lobster: Mash fine one lagre boiled potato, add to it one-half teaspoonful of mustard and salt, and pepper to taste; mix smooth, then add the yolks of two eggs well beaten, place in a cool place for half an hour then pour in gradually, one-half cup of vinegar and one tablespoonful of melted butter. It is then ready to pour over the lobster, which should be kept in a cool place until ready to serve. To prepare egg salad: Take six hard-boiled eggs and cut in halves; remove the yolks and mix with them three rolled crackers, one teaspoon of mustard, salt and pepper to taste, and enough vinegar to moisten, make into balls to fit the places formerly occupied by the yolks, then serve.

Ten Good Things to Know.

1. That salt will curdle new milk, hence in preparing milk porridge, gravies, etc., the salt should not be added until the dish is prepared.

2. That clear boiling water will remove tea stains and many fruit stains. Pour the water through the stain and thus prevent its spreading of the fabric.

3. That ripe tomatoes will remove ink and other stains from white cloth, also from the hands.

4. That a tablespoonful of turpentine boiled with white clothes will aid in the whitening process.

5. That boiled starch is much improved by the addition of a little sperm salt or gum arabic dissolved.

6. That beeswax and salt will make rusty flat irons as clean and smooth as glass. Tie a lump of wax in a rag and keep it for that purpose. When the irons are hot, rub them first with wax rag, then scour with a paper or cloth sprinkled with salt.

7. That blue ointment and kerosene mixed in equal proportions and applied to the bedsteads is an unfailing bedbug remedy, as a coat of whitewash is for the walls of a log house.

8. That kerosene will soften boots or shoes that have been hardened by water, and render them as pliable as new.

9. That kerosene will make tin kettles as bright as new. Saturate a woolen rag and rub with it. It will also remove stains from varnished furniture.

10. That cool rain water and soda will remove machine grease from washable fabrics.

Household Hints.

Toast-cloths are something new. They are a large square of linen, fringed and etched, large enough to set under the plate of toast, and cover the corners over the dish.

To have cheese-cloth curtains retain their creamy look, put a little strong coffee or saffron tea into the water in which they are rinsed; lace can be given the same creamy hue by the same process.

Vegetables with a strong flavor, such as onions and turnips, will be much improved by putting them to boil in cold water, renewing this from a kettle you take away all richness, and depth and tenderness. Sorrow is the furnace that melts selfish hearts together in love.

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming Up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's System, Vitalizer guaranteed to cure them. Sold by Dr. T. J Davison.

A FINE PIECE OF
CHEWING TOBACCO
IS INDEED A LUXURY
FINZER'S
Old Honesty

COMES AS NEAR BEING A FINE PIECE OF PLUG TOBACCO AS IT IS POSSIBLE TO MAKE IT
AND IS KNOWN AS A
Standard Brand
AMONG DEALERS
THESE GOODS ARE ON THE MARKET IN ONLY ONE SHAPE, 3x12 FULL 16 OZ. PLUG—THE MOST CONVENIENT TO CUT IN POCKET PIECES OR CARRY WHOLE.
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WONDERFUL METAL POLISH,
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It will clean Metals with less labor than any preparation ever produced, giving a brilliant lustre which cannot be equaled, and which will last longer than any polish obtained by other means. Sold by the
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THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.
It is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.
THE original formula for which we paid $10,000 twenty years ago has never been excelled in Mildness, Lasting Quality or Purity. Dobbins' Electric Soap is used according to directions.
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LIKE all Great things, it is extensively imitated and counterfeited.
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INSIST upon Dobbins' Electric. Don't take Magnetic, Electric Magic, Philadelphia Electric, or any other brand, simply because it is cheap. They will ruin clothes, and are dear at any price. Ask for
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and take no other. Nearly every grocer from Maine to Mexico, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific, will order from his nearest wholesale grocer.
READ carefully the inside wrapper around each bar, and be careful to follow directions on each outside wrapper. You cannot afford to wait longer before trying for yourself this old, reliable, and truly wonderful
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OUR $1. A WEEK Club System while as convenient to the buyer as any time payment system, is also a wholesale spot cash system to us. The co-operation of the club members sells us 25 watches in each city. $38 Watch Club, and we get cash from the Club for each watch before it goes out, though each member only pays $1 a week. This is why we give you the best for your money than any one else, and why we are doing the largest watch business in the world. We sell good watches, good quality, but our prices are about what others get for poor and quality. Our $10 Silver Watch is a solid Silver (not Coin) case of a new kind of Stem-Wind American Lever Watch—either hunting case or open face. Our $25.00 Watch is a Stem-wind Open Face, first quality, stiffened Gold American Lever Watch, guaranteed for twenty years. It is fully equal to any watch sold for $35 by others. We find a first-class Stiffened Gold Case much more satisfactory and serviceable than any Solid Gold Case that can be sold at less than double the money, as cheap solid cases are invariably thin, weak and of low quality, and worthless after short use. Our $38 Watch contains numerous important patented improvements, of vital importance to accurate time—Patent Dustproof, Patent Stem Wind, &c., which we control exclusively. It is fully equal in accuracy, appearance, durability and service, to any $75 Watch, either Open Face or Hunting. Our $43.00 Railroad Watch is especially commended for the most exacting use, and is the best Railroad Watch made, Open Face or Hunting. All these prices are either all cash or in clubs, $1.00 a week. An Agent Wanted. Descriptive circulars free with each Watch.

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Agents Wanted.
Also Watch Insulated, $1.00
A perfect protection against magnetism. Fit any Watch. Sent by mail on receipt of price. [Ref. to any Commercial Agency.]

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BEATTY'S PIANO AND ORGAN FACTORY, WASHINGTON, N. J.

Old Kinds of Leather.

It has been demonstrated that skins of skins may be tanned. Birds, fishes and reptiles have been alike brought to the tan yard, and the prices are regularly quoted. Alligator skins have long been a favorite material for the manufacture of pocket books and satchels. The high prices which the first product commanded soon induced manufacturers to produce imitations. These are merely embossed leather. The peculiar scaly nature of the alligator's hide is successfully imitated by means of steel dies, which leave a durable impression upon the leather, so perfect a resemblance to the genuine alligator skin that only experts could tell the difference. The same process is used to imitate other fancy skins, so that there is no danger that is not imitated within three months of its first appearance. The alligator skins were first put on the market in 1876.

Kangaroo skins have only been in market about three years. The skin of the porpoise has lately been used for shoes, and is well considered because of its fine grain, making it waterproof. It resembles a goat skin. The skin of a seal has also been made into leather, and sells for about $40 a dozen skins.

One of the latest novelties is ratsnake leather, which is used chiefly for making pocket books. The skin of the monkey has also been tanned and used for making pocket books. Bear skins have long been used with the hair on for caps and coats, and the hides have also been used for leather. Of course these novelties are not made in large quantities and are mostly used for fancy trade. During the past few years the hides of horses have been successfully tanned and put upon the market as a standard article of leather.

American kid is now taking a prominent place in the leather market, and is even preferred to French kid by many manufacturers, who find it quite as supple, pliable and durable, and much cheaper. It is declared that American kid at twenty-five cents a foot is equal to French kid at forty cents. Pig skins are yet in demand for saddles.

The Great Desert.

A desert caravan may travel for weeks without seeing a single person, and yet there is scarcely a square mile of the Sahara between the Atlantic and the region of the Nile that is not at some time passed over by some of the wandering tribes that make the desert their home. The regular caravan routes that traverse it lead from Morocco to Timbuctoo, from Algiers to the Niger at Timbuctoo, from Tripoli to the same region, or to the cities of the Soudan further eastward. The population of the towns of the oases in the northern edge of the desert is the same as the native population of the rest of Algiers—Arabs, Jews, Moabite merchants, negroes, etc. About the oasis-lying oases are the wandering tribes called Chambaas, who are nominally subject to the French, and live in good understanding with them. The great desert unwatered region, nearly a thousand miles wide, that stretches its sandy wastes southward nearly to the edge of the Soudan, is overrun—for it cannot be called inhabited—by the several tribes of the Tonaregs, who do not number more two or three thousand warriors, yet are the terror of all peaceful traders who endeavor to pass through their country to the cities of the Soudan. The Chambaas entertain friendly relations with the Algier Tonaregs, but are bitterly hostile to the Poggars, who are their nearest neighbors.

The 1804 Dollar.

"There is something curious about the American silver dollar and half-dollar of 1804," said a numismatist. "There were about 20,000 of the dollars coined, but not one of them got into circulation. Two of them are in well-known coin collections to-day, however, and they are the most valuable of all American coins. Why the dollar of 1804 was never seen in circulation after leaving the mint is one of the unsolved Government mysteries. It is asserted by good authority that the two 1804 silver dollars now in existence, while having been made from the original dies, were in reality not coined for many years after that year, when they were surreptitiously struck, and it is supposed, issued to a person high in authority, from whom they subsequently passed into the collections referred to. The half dollar of 1804 is surrounded by a mystery equally profound. There were over 150,000 of these coined, but not one was ever known to be in circulation. On the other hand, but 700 quarter-dollars were coined in that year, and specimens of these are in every collection and numismatist's shop."

What He Would Have Said.

A certain lady in Paris gives periodical dinners, at which assemble most of the best known wits and literati of the day. The rule of the mansion is that while one person discourses no interruption whatever can be permitted. It is said that M. Renan once attended one of these dinners, and, being in excellent vein, talked without a break during the whole repast. Toward the end of dinner a guest was heard to commence a sentence, but he was instantly silenced by the hostess. After they had left the table, however, she at once informed the extinguished individual that, as M. Renan had now finished his conversation, she would gladly hear what he had to say. The guest modestly declined; the hostess insisted. "I am certain it was something of consequence," she said. "Alas, madame," he answered, "it was indeed; but now it is too late. I should have liked a little more of that iced pudding."

Hope nothing from luck, and the probability is that you will be so prepared, so forewarned and forearmed, that all shallow observers will call you lucky.

He shall be immortal who liveth till he be stoned by one without fault.